Clarke County Economic Development Advisory Committee



2019 Organizational and Regular Meeting Packet

January 23, 2019



County of Clarke

Economic Development Advisory Committee

Jim Barb, Bryan Conrad, Christy Dunkle, Christina Kraybill, Bev McKay, John Milleson, Eric Myer, Elizabeth Pritchard

Agenda

1:00 pm, Wednesday, January 16, 2019

Meeting Room AB Berryville / Clarke County Government Center 101 Chalmers Court, 2nd Floor, Berryville, Virginia

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Organizational Items:
 - ✓ Elect 2019 Chair
 - ✓ Elect 2019 Vice Chair
 - ✓ Set Meeting Dates, Time, and Location
- Adoption of Agenda
- 4. Approval of Minutes: September 19, 2018, Regular Meeting.
- 5. Director Economic Development Update and 2018 Year-end Summary
- 6. Economic Development Strategic Plan Review and Discussion
 - o Tourism
- 7. Adjourn

In Packet:

- YE 2018 Building Department Single Family Dwellings
- o 2018 EDAC Report
- EDAC Follow-up Items Status Report
- EDAC December 19, 2018, Business Tour
- Press Release: GO Virginia Region 8 Awards Funding for Talent Solutions Strategy
- Board of Supervisors January 19, 1999, Minutes Formation of Office of Economic Development, Economic Development Advisory Committee, and Industrial Development Authority
- Annual Distribution:
 - Title 2.2. Administration of Government Chapter 37. Virginia Freedom of Information Act
 - Title 42.1. Libraries Chapter 7. Virginia Public Records Act

Telephone: [540] 955-5100 Fax: [540] 955-5180

Call to Order

Organizational Items

- Flect Chair

	Condi	
Lora	Walburn, EDAC Clerk, will call for nomination	ons for 2019 Chair.
Acti	on: Move to nominate and elect	_ to serve as 2019 Chair.
	Walburn, EDAC Clerk, will call for vote on the elect.	ne motion to nominate
Followi Chair.	ng vote, the meeting will be turned over to th	e newly elected 2019
- Elect	Vice Chair	
Cha	ir will call for nominations for 2019 Vice Chai	r.
Acti Cha	on: Move to nominate and elect t ir.	o serve as 2019 Vice
Cha	ir will call for vote on the motion to nominate	and elect.
- Set N	leeting Date, Time and Location	
Acti	on: Move to adopt the schedule as presente	d, or corrected, modified

with specific changes noted.



County of Clarke Economic Development Advisory Committee

Jim Barb, Bryan Conrad, Christy Dunkle, Christina Kraybill, Bev, McKay, John Milleson, Eric Myer, Elizabeth Pritchard

2019 Meeting Schedule

January 16

March 20

May 15

July 17

September 18

November 20

December 18 [Business Tour]

January 15, 2020 - Organizational Meeting

Third Wednesday at 1:00 pm
Berryville Clarke County Government Center
Meeting Room AB

Telephone: [540] 955-5100

Fax: [540] 955-5180

Clarke County Economic Development Advisory Committee

Adoption of Agenda

Proposed motion: Move to adopt agenda as [presented] or [as amended - title of agenda item[s] not listed on the published agenda provided to the public.]

Approval of Minutes:

September 19, 2018, Regular Meeting

Proposed Motion: I move to approve the minutes of May 16, 2018, as [presented] or [as amended citing specific amendment].

Clarke County Economic Development Advisory Committee September 19, 2018 Minutes

A meeting of the Economic Development Advisory Committee (EDAC) held in the Berryville/Clarke County Government Center, Berryville, Virginia, on Wednesday, September 19, 2018, at 1:00 PM.

Board: Jim Barb, Christy Dunkle, Christina Kraybill, Bev McKay, John Milleson

Absent: Bryan Conrad, Eric Myer, Elizabeth "Betsy" Pritchard

Staff: Len Capelli, Cathy Kuehner, Brianna Taylor, Lora B. Walburn

Press: Mickey Powell - The Winchester Star

1. Call to Order

At 1:02 pm, Chairman Milleson called the meeting to order.

2. Adoption of Agenda

Christina Kraybill, seconded by Christy Dunkle, moved to adopt the agenda as presented. The motion carried by the following vote:

Jim Barb Aye Bryan Conrad Absent Christy Dunkle Aye Christina Kraybill Aye Beverly B. McKay Aye John Milleson Aye Eric Myer Absent Elizabeth "Betsy" Pritchard Absent

3. Approval of Minutes

Christy Dunkle, seconded by Christina Kraybill, moved to approve the May 16, 2018, minutes. The motion carried as follows:

Jim Barb - Aye Bryan Conrad - Absent

Economic Development Advisory Committee Minutes: May 16, 2018

Christy Dunkle - Aye
Christina Kraybill - Aye
Beverly B. McKay - Aye
John Milleson - Aye
Eric Myer - Absent
Elizabeth "Betsy" Pritchard - Absent

4. New Business

Review Electronic Meetings Policy

- <u>Disallow</u> Participation Via Electronic Means; or,
- Allow and Adopt Policy and Process Set Forth in PD-121101-09 Clarke County Board of Supervisors Rules of Procedure Section 1-12 Meetings held through electronic communication means" as set forth in § 2.2-3708.2. Sections §2.2-3708 Code of Virginia. §2.2-3708.1 repealed by Acts 2018

During discussion, Vice Chair Kraybill asked for clarification on physical quorum requirement set forth in § 2.2-3708.2.

Bev McKay, seconded by Jim Barb, moved to allow electronic participation in meeting and to accept electronic meetings procedure in the Board of Supervisors Rules of Procedure subsequent clarification of verification of physical quorum requirement by FOIA Council. The motion carried by the following vote:

Jim Barb Ave Bryan Conrad Absent Christy Dunkle Aye Christina Kraybill Aye Beverly B. McKay Ave John Milleson Aye Eric Myer Absent Elizabeth "Betsy" Pritchard Absent

Section 1-12. Meetings held through electronic communication means policy and approval process

Policy:

It is the policy of Clarke County Board of Supervisors that its individual members may participate in meetings of the Board of Supervisors by electronic means as permitted by Virginia Code § 2.2-3708.2 This policy shall apply to the entire membership and without regard to the identity of the member requesting remote participation or the matters that will be considered or voted on at the meeting.

Whenever an individual member wishes to participate from a remote location, the law requires a quorum of Board of Supervisors to be physically assembled at the primary or central meeting location, and there must be arrangements for the voice of the remote participant to be heard by all persons at the primary or central meeting location.

When such individual participation is due to an emergency or personal matter, such participation is limited by law to two meetings of the public body per member each calendar year, whichever is fewer.

Note: Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the use of interactive audio or video means to expand public participation.

Approval Process:

Automatic Approval with Vote if Challenged.

Individual participation from a remote location shall be approved unless such participation would violate this policy or the provisions of the Virginia Freedom of Information Act.

If a member's participation from a remote location is challenged, then the Board of Supervisors shall vote whether to allow such participation.

If Board of Supervisors votes to disapprove of the member's participation because such participation would violate this policy, such disapproval shall be recorded in the minutes with specificity.

Disability or Medical Condition or Personal Matter Prevents Physical Attendance (Applies to all public bodies):

- 1) Physically assembled quorum is required;
- 2) Remote member's voice must be heard by all;
- Member must notify chair of inability to attend due to temporary or permanent disability or other medical condition that prevents physical attendance on or before the day of the meeting;
- 4) Fact of disability or medical condition must be recorded in the minutes:

- 5) Remote location must be recorded in the minutes; and,
- 6) Member's remote participation must be in accord with the policy on electronic participation adopted by the public body. While the fact that a disability or medical condition prevents the members' physical attendance must be recorded in the minutes, it is not required to identify the specific disability or medical condition.
- 7) Member participating through electronic communications means under this section may make motions, vote, join in closed meetings, and otherwise participate fully as if he or she was physically present.

Examples:

- Temporary hospitalization or confined to home;
- Contagious illness; or
- Any permanent physical disability that prevents travel to the meeting location.

If the procedural requirements are not met, however, then the member may only monitor the meeting (i.e., listen or watch, depending on the technology used) and cannot otherwise participate.

The remote location where the member using electronic communications is does not have to be open to the public under these provisions.

Personal Matter Prevents Attendance:

- 1) Physically assembled quorum is required;
- 2) Remote member's voice must be heard by all;
- 3) Remote member must notify chair of the public body on or before the day of the meeting;
- 4) Nature of the emergency or personal matter must be identified;
- 5) Nature of the personal matter must be recorded in the minutes;
- 6) Remote location must be recorded in the minutes; and

7) Participation because of a personal matter that prevents attendance is limited to two (2) meetings per calendar year.

If a member's participation is disapproved because it would violate the public body's policy on participation, that fact must be recorded in the minutes with specificity. However, the member may continue to monitor the meeting from the remote location, but may not participate in the proceeding and may not be counted as present at the meeting.

Examples:

- Flat tire on the way to the meeting, call in from cell phone at side of the road;
- Traffic congestion or stoppage;
- Personal, family, or business emergency; or
- Blizzard, flood, or other sudden severe weather conditions that prevent travel to the meeting location.
- Business trip;
- Family trip; or
- Scheduling conflicts.

Monitoring a meeting:

As stated above, if a member of a public body cannot meet the procedural requirements to participate in a meeting by electronic communication means, the member may still monitor the meeting by listening or watching by electronic communication means. However, the member cannot be counted as present and cannot participate.

In such a situation, as a matter of best practices, it is suggested that the chair of the public body make a statement to inform the public and the other members, such as "Please observe that [member name] could not attend today's meeting, but is [listening/watching] the meeting [by speakerphone, videoconference, or whatever electronic communication means is being utilized]. However, [member name] is only monitoring the meeting. [He/she] is not counted as present, and cannot make motions, vote, or otherwise part

State of Emergency Declared by the Governor (Applies to all public bodies)

Any public body may meet by electronic communication means without a quorum of the public body physically assembled at one location when the Governor has declared a state of emergency in accordance with § 44-146.17, subject to the follow procedures and conditions:

- a.The catastrophic nature of the declared emergency makes it impracticable or unsafe to assemble a quorum in a single location; and
- b. The purpose of the meeting is to address the emergency.

In addition, the public body must:

- Give public notice using the best available method given the nature of the emergency, which notice shall be given contemporaneously with the notice provided members of the local public body conducting the meeting;
- b. Make arrangements for public access to such meeting;
- c. Otherwise comply with the provisions of § 2.2-3708.2.
- d. State in the minutes the nature of the emergency, the fact that the meeting was held by electronic communication means, and the type of electronic communication means by which the meeting was held.

Old Business

Economic Development Strategic Plan Review and Development of Economic Development Advisory

Committee Recommendation to the Clarke County Planning Commission

Highlights of discussion include:

- To be effective, the Plan must be a working document with actions items identified, individual assigned responsibilities, and regular updates.
- Changes to Economic Development Strategic Plan:
 - Page 4 of 10: remove human-scale and replace with realistic development patterns.
 - Page 8 of 9: add fourth strategy to Goal C, insert promote increased accommodation capacity with an hotel at beginning of section.
 - Air B and B' help fill the gap but do not meet all the needs.

Economic Development Advisory Committee Minutes: May 16, 2018

- Air B and B's are unregulated so no data is available.
- The Industrial Development Authority is considering funding an update to the earlier plan.
- Efforts are underway to identify an interested group of investors
- Mr. Capelli continues to work with the owner of the Battletown Inn.
- Tourism Strategic Plan: Christy Dunkle will provided staff with the Tourism Strategic Plan she is developing for the Town of Berryville.

Christmas Tour

- Tour set for Wednesday, December 19.
- Add Christmas Tour discussion to November 14 meeting.
- Chairman Milleson instructed Len Capelli to begin business selection for the annual tour.

6. Next Meeting

The next meeting is scheduled for Wednesday, November 14 2018.

7. Adjournment

At 1:47 pm, being no further business, Chairman Milleson adjourned the meeting.

Minutes recorded and transcribed by Lora B. Walburn

2018 Year-end Summary Clarke County Economic Development and Tourism By Len Capelli, Director Economic Development and Tourism

2018 has been and interesting and challenging year in many respects and a very successful year in others for Clarke County Economic Development and Tourism. After a prolonged bid process, I was offered a new contract and look forward to continuing to promote tourism and increase economic development in Clarke County. I appreciate the vote of confidence by the majority of the Board of Supervisors.

Tourism

In several places in the comprehensive plan and in the job matrix, it is strongly suggested that the County become involved with regional tourism and state tourism organizations. I had strongly agreed with this; and, as a result, Clarke continues to be involved with the following organizations, which are unique and provide considerable value to the County.

Belonging to these various organizations does not diminish the amount of time and effort that is required to promote Clarke County and its assets locally, regionally, and nationally. However, these organizations do allow Clarke to leverage its time and financial investments to reach more people on a regular basis. More importantly, they allow us to focus on special interest groups by letting us promote assets like our Mill, the State of Virginia Arboretum, the Shenandoah River in Clarke County, which is the only section of the river deemed a scenic water way, our share of the Appalachian Trail, and other hiking venues in the County.

Clarke is constantly responding to requests for interesting stories from writers who contact us through one of these groups looking for something unique; for example: Mother's Day at the Arboretum and Art at the Mill in a Mother's Day article this past year.

Focused targeting, along with the strong SEO (search engine optimization), aided by our alignment with the Virginia Tourism Corporation all help in getting our message out there in a focused and interesting manner.

- The Shenandoah Valley Tourism Partnership https:///virginiasshenandoahvalley.com

This is an organization dedicated to promoting the Shenandoah Valley in total as a prime tourist destination and helping individual localities to promote their attractions, strengths, and assets. It helps promote the Valley through its website,

blogs, working with the State Tourism Corporation, and working with a public relations firm that is under retainer. www.mindybiancapr.com

This firm promotes the Valley as a whole and strives to find interesting stories from each member of the partnership. Clarke has benefited numerous times from articles and interests that journalists are researching with whom we have been put in contact by the PR firm. Clarke could not afford a full time PR firm and an in-house PR staff would not have the multitude of contacts available to this firm.

The partnership has been the recipient of grants from the Virginia Tourism Corporation and other sources that have benefited all members of the partnership. A new initiative is underway promoting the Valley and all of the members through UTrip. www.shenandoah-valley.preview.utrip.com

This prototype shows many of the current assets for tourists to visit in Clarke County and Berryville. We will be working to help visitors create their own itinerary. It also appeals to users of Facebook and Instagram. By loading preferences, like museums or battlefields, places can show up to help you plan a short or long term visit to the valley. Because of our limited assets and small size, I have been able to negotiate a contribution level that is less than half of any of the other members.

- The Shenandoah Valley Spirits Trail www.shenandoahspiritstrail.com

Clarke joined the Spirits Trail first to promote the existing wineries in Clarke County and to showcase the fact that the County is interested in agritourism including wineries, cideries, farm-based breweries, and distilleries.

The Trail promotes all of the members and has developed a contest where visitors take a picture at five member locations and post to Instagram with the Hashtag,# Spiritstrailbreakers to win a shirt. This has generated a lot of interest.

Additionally, the Trail showcased all of our members at the Washington DC Cooking Show last year.

The Trail has won two grants, for marketing and promotions, from the tourism corporation and the Virginia Wine Council.

Top of Virginia Artisan Trail <u>www.artisantrailnetwork.org</u>

Clarke County and Berryville are blessed to have a large number of artists and artisans and joined the Top of Virginia Artisan Trail several years ago.

Recently, activity level in the Trail has somewhat diminished due to the previous director of the Artisan Trail Network stepping down and a lengthily process to find a

new state-wide director. However, with the help of several members from Frederick County, City of Winchester, and me in Clarke, we are getting more involved in an action team to bolster interest and create a framework of new and exciting events for our members.

Additionally, Clarke and some of the other Artisan Trails in our area are discussing how we can improve the Artisan Trail experience for members, artists, and tourists in the Shenandoah Valley. I am confident that we will be able move forward with a new, exciting, and inclusive organization.

Appalachian Trail Community

Largely through the efforts of Alison Teetor, Clark County is an Appalachian Trail Community.

Constantly repost and promote Appalachian Trail Facebook posts. As a result, we have been able to secure a number of new likes and page likes on our Facebook page.

Clarke had a great time working with LL Bean and their hike team as they came through the Appalachian Trail in Clarke County. Supervisors Mary Daniel and Terri Catlett participated in the hand off of the Baton on the Trail.

Economic Development

- Continue to work on business attraction and retention.
- Spent considerable time researching properties in the County and promoting the sale of available properties.
- Added several new sections to the Yesclarkecounty website including vacant commercial properties and smaller commercial properties in addition to industrial and agricultural buildings.
- Continue to work with local businesses and to promote Clarke County as a good location for certain types of business operations.
- Anticipate new opportunities and new challenges given the rapid growth in Frederick and Loudoun Counties and the impending influx of jobs from the new Amazon headquarters in Arlington. There will be many small feeder businesses that provide services and intellectual value propositions to Amazon. Clarke County might very well be positioned to take advantage of some of these opportunities.

- Virginia Economic Development Partnership:
 - Arranged for a visit from the VEDP Site Selection manager and discussed the potential of developing smaller sites in and around the county rather than the 50-100 acre sites that many other counties have available.
 - o Maintain any industrial buildings and land with the state because most businesses when looking for a site for a new location start with VEDP records.
 - Continue to maintain a good relationship with VEDP.
 - Presenting to its Business Investment Group in Richmond on February 11
 - Hosting a visit to Clarke on February 21 by a team from its business development group.
 - o Met with and/or talked to several potential businesses; however, typically, Clarke has not had a building that met the business' requirements.
 - o With limited infrastructure, it is difficult to attract certain businesses.
 - Focusing on small businesses that are involved in food processing, beverage processing, or some agriculturally-related organization.

- GoVirginia initiatives:

- o Clarke was included in the regional GoVirginia grant application.
- Grant should provide information about the attraction and retention of employees particularly in the job segments that are most prevalent in Clarke County.

Top of Virginia Regional Chamber:

- o In furtherance of Clarke's Comprehensive Plan regarding economic development becoming more aligned with the local Chamber of Commerce, Clarke will be joining.
- o Promoting a local meeting on February 5 at the Bank of Clarke County.
- CEO of the Top of Virginia Chamber would like to meet with the Board of Supervisors to discuss new initiatives and directions of the Chamber to be more helpful to our local community. I will arrange this with Lora Walburn for a future meeting.

Agribusiness Development:

O Working with a local farm that wants to add a value add component to their farm. They have a very advanced dairy farm with one of only six automated milking machines in Virginia. The farm is interested in now adding a pasteurizing facility allowing the direct sale of milk and dairy products. I have been in touch with several state agricultural organizations regarding grants that are applicable and am working with the farm to develop a viable business plan.

Business Listing:

- o In response to several issues raised about the business license lists posted on the economic development website, Brianna Taylor continues to work on researching, verifying, and adding contact information to the business listing, which will replace the current list once complete.
- The listing is not intended to be a reference or business guide. Note: when businesses look at focusing on a community, they often research business licenses, new home permits, new construction permits, and similar public records.

DRAFT Revision Date: September 19, 2018

Economic Development Strategic Plan Clarke County, Virginia

CLARKE COUNTY CA

An Implementing Component of the Comprehensive Plan

2018 Selected Priorities from:

Economic Development Advisory Committee [EDAC]:

Jim Barb

Bryan Conrad

Christy Dunkle

Christina Kraybill, Vice Chair

Bev McKay, member EDAC and BoS representative

John Milleson, Chair

Eric Myer

Betsy Pritchard

Industrial Development Authority [IDA]:

Mark Cochran, Chair

Brian Ferrell, Vice Chair

Paul Jones

David Juday

English Koontz

Rodney Pierce

William Waite, Secretary / Treasurer

David Weiss, BoS liaison

DRAFT

Table of Contents

Introduction.		. 3				
Priorities Sel	ected from Plan	.3				
Goal A:	Increase Collaboration and Capacity for Supporting Compatible Economic Developmen	t3				
1.	Decide how and whether to clarify that the County is pro-economic development	. 3				
2.	Evaluate the zoning and subdivision ordinances	. 3				
3.	Inventory existing businesses	. 4				
4.	Coordinate with the Town of Berryville	. 4				
5.	Attract new and assist existing businesses	. 4				
6.	On-going community communications	. 4				
7.	Evaluate resources	. 4				
8.	Create marketing plan					
9.	Promote Suitable Housing Development	. 4				
Goal B.	Retain, Attract, and Develop Compatible and Innovative Industry	. 5				
1.	Maintain and enhance the working relationships	. 5				
2.	Establish a formal visitation or survey program	. 5				
3.	Establish a "strike team"	. 5				
4.	Establish a list of types of desired businesses	. 5				
5.	Coordinate with the Town of Boyce	. 5				
6.	Public water and sewer to the Double Toll Gate Area	. 6				
7.	Promote rural economic innovation	. 6				
Goal C.	Increase the Vitality of Agriculture and Tourism	. 8				
1.	Foster growth and vitality of the agricultural industry					
2.	Promote information and understanding of the local agricultural industry					
3.	Promote Equine Development					
Now Prioritio						
INCM I HOURIE	ew Priorities for Consideration9					

DRAFT Revision Date: September 19, 2018

Introduction

These priorities were culled from the 2014 Economic Development Strategic Plan and are currently under review by the EDAC and the IDA to further narrow / expand.

Our goal is to submit the final document to the Planning Commission in time for its five-year review in 2019.

Priorities Selected from Plan

Goal A: Increase Collaboration and Capacity for Supporting Compatible Economic Development

 Decide how and whether to clarify that the County is pro-economic development Decide how and whether to clarify that the County is pro-economic development, but only for the types of activities it wants. Like most places, the County has a "brand", even if it is somewhat informal.

In its promotional efforts, the County can shape this brand to reinforce its planning goals, include promoting the county as a great place for those who want a rural lifestyle oriented toward small town quality of life and outdoor activities, which will help to attract creative young people, and high-income seniors.

2. Evaluate the zoning and subdivision ordinances

Evaluate the zoning and subdivision ordinances to identify any regulatory and procedural provisions that have the potential to unduly restrict or encumber compatible economic development activities, including review of current use lists of by-right and special uses, and the speed and complexity of the County's (and Town of Berryville's) review processes.

- If any potential problems are identified, create and evaluate potential alternative provisions that would strike a better balance of County goals, and refine these alternatives so that they can be adopted as amendments to the current regulations.
- Work closely with the Town of Berryville to ensure that the County and Town regulations are coordinated to achieve mutually desired policy outcomes, e.g. development in and around the Town in the annexation area and revitalization of the downtown.

DRAFT Revision Date: September 19, 2018

3. Inventory existing businesses

Inventory all existing businesses in County and Towns; categorize by type, location, revenue; include names and contact data.

4. Coordinate with the Town of Berryville

Continue formal economic development program in coordination with the Town of Berryville

- Berryville Area Development Authority (BADA) serves as the planning commission for the annexation area surrounding the Town. It includes an equal number of representatives from both the Town and County.
- Economic Development Advisory Committee (EDAC) advises the Board of Supervisors and staff concerning economic development.
 Four members are appointed by the Board, and one representative of the Town also serves on the Committee.
- Industrial Development Authority (IDA) is a County entity that issues bonds, buys and sells property and other activities as set forth in the Code of Virginia for such authorities.
- Continued collaboration between County and Town staffs for planning and economic development work.
- 5. Attract new and assist existing businesses

Actively seek to attract new businesses and assist existing businesses with expansion efforts and other growth activities.

6. On-going community communications

Maintain on-going communications with the local community regarding economic development issues and activities, and serving as a key liaison to local government agencies for the business community.

7. Evaluate resources

Evaluate existing economic development resources including infrastructure, site availability and readiness, market demand, etc.

8. Create marketing plan

Create marketing plan – branding strategy, marketing system with logo, style guide, etc. for County economic development that would help strengthen the association of Clarke County's key brand features in the minds of target audiences.

9. Promote Suitable Housing Development

Ensure that Comprehensive Plans and Zoning and Subdivision Ordinances of County and Towns allow and encourage diverse, walkable, connected, accessible, realistic development patterns.

Revision Date: September 19, 2018

DRAFT

Appropriate housing development can enhance the County's overall economic vitality (and in some cases the tax base as well), if the new housing supports a balance of demographic sectors, and is located in conformance with the Comprehensive Plan. The Comprehensive Plans of the County and Town should provide clear policy guidance for achieving a well-planned and balanced mix of housing types in and around the Town of Berryville. The zoning regulations of both the County and Town should be updated as needed to allow and encourage these forms of development.

Goal B. Retain, Attract, and Develop Compatible and Innovative Industry

 Maintain and enhance the working relationships Maintain and enhance the working relationships between the County and Town governments, business enterprises, business groups and organizations, real estate professionals, developers, and other stakeholders who are engaged in local and regional economic development, through the future economic development staff and the other collaboration actions identified in this plan.

Establish a formal visitation or survey program Establish a formal visitation or survey program that allows the County and Towns to collect, organize and assess input from key businesses in each economic sector, in order to monitor the local economic development climate.

3. Establish a "strike team"

Establish a "strike team" of key County and Town officials and staff to respond to prospect visits, incentive requests, and retention issues. The strike team should develop and stay current on protocols for handling such matters with little or no notice.

4. Establish a list of types of desired businesses

Establish a list of types of businesses desired in the County and which are feasible to attract or develop, and contact appropriate businesses to determine interest.

5. Coordinate with the Town of Boyce

Continue to work in close collaboration with the Town to ensure that planning policies and regulations for the Town and surrounding area continue to reflect the goals and policies of the Town's and County's Comprehensive Plans.

The Town of Boyce has potential for additional residential development,

Economic Development Strategic Plan EDAC, IDA Suggestions

DRAFT Revision Date: September 19, 2018

and to a lesser degree, new commercial development.

Although it also has relatively good regional access via Routes 50 and 340, it may have some potential for incremental commercial growth to serve commuting traffic on Route 340. Substantial commercial or industrial expansion opportunities will likely be limited due to the proximity to the Waterloo Business Growth Area.

6. Public water and sewer to the Double Toll Gate Area

Pursue partnerships to provide public water and sewer to the Double Toll Gate Area.

This area is situated on Route 340/522, an important highway connecting the Berryville, Front Royal and Winchester areas.

There is landowner interest for commercial development in this area, but the County would have to partner with landowners – and possibly other government agencies – to provide public water and sewer to the area.

An advantage to Clarke County for development in the Double Toll Gate area is its location at the western edge of the County where any increases in land use intensity and traffic generation from economic development will have a relatively small impact on most Clarke County residents.

To increase the likelihood of economic development in this area, the County needs to take a leadership role.

7. Promote rural economic innovation

Given its resources and location, the County has excellent potential to expand its rural economy in the long-term. An important method for such expansion is through innovation, which includes a wide range of topics such as new markets for goods and services, new kinds of goods and services, new kinds of business operations and procedures, new locational opportunities for businesses, and new marketing techniques. Home-based and farm-based locations offer special opportunities for Clarke County due to the quality of life in its rural area. Aspects of these have been included in some of the preceding strategies for specific economic sectors.

Over the course of time, a variety of new businesses and economic sectors will likely emerge within Clarke County, as demographic, technological, and economic change continues in and around the region.

Examples of potential prospects could include:

- "E-commerce" and telework offer multiple business opportunities, from enabling professionals to work from a rural home to creating new e-

commerce businesses that can link to global markets. High quality broadband infrastructure is critical. Thus, the County should monitor changes in local broadband service to determine the existing and future need, and if there are policies, actions, or investments the County could take to meet that need.

- "Ecosystem services" such as habitat and watershed protection, in part through collaboration with environmental groups and agricultural and recreational businesses that see the value of working landscapes as a way to conserve and enhance the natural environmental resources.
- Regional food systems where larger stores are buying local products.
 The growing interest in local fresh food supports this strategy, as well as the County's proximity to a large and relatively high-income metropolitan population.
- Sustainable agricultural systems based on substituting internal inputs, including labor and management, for externally purchased ones.
- Alternative energy through wind farms, solar farms, and other alternative energy generators (subject to mitigation or avoidance of any environmental issues that would conflict with tourism and other planning goals).

A broad, long-term approach to innovation depends on seven key strategies:

- 1. Provide critical information needed by businesses. Information on economic and demographic trends are especially valuable for the County to promulgate, as well as information on connections and linkages, as described in #3 below.
- 2. Maintain and continually improve the high quality of life, and a local culture that embraces creativity, growth and change in the local business sectors. This includes promoting "place-based" development that capitalizes on the County's and Town's special characteristics, including the traditional, historic downtown, other historic buildings and sites, scenic rural landscapes, and the "small-town" rural social and cultural environment of the County. This can be done through appropriate planning, zoning, and urban design policies and regulations as cited herein, as well as through prudent investments in utilities and communications infrastructure, information, and marketing.
- 3. *Enhance connections* between businesses and the people and organizations that can help them prosper through sharing information with business associations, universities, service providers, etc.

DRAFT Revision Date: September 19, 2018

4. Cultivate talent and creativity by fostering an environment that supports individuals and firms who use art or design in their products and services, as well as fostering a community spirit and culture that values innovation and creativity within the business community and local economy.

- 5. Use local resources as the basis for innovation and growth. Local products and processes, local talent, and the local quality of life can all provide the identity and "brand" that will further distinguish Clarke County from other areas.
- 6. Promote the enhancement of broadband access. High speed internet service is widespread in Berryville (including some public Wi-Fi), and a fiber line runs along Rt. 7, but most of the rural areas rely on wireless service; identify how the County might be able to promote the enhancement of broadband access and quality countywide (study similar to hotel and equine). Constantly changing technologies and business models presents a challenge for the County to address this issue. However, good broadband service will be increasingly important in all sectors of the future economy.
- 7. Foster the further development of home-based and farm-based businesses by evaluating and modifying the zoning regulations as needed to ensure a proper balance between land use compatibility and efficient review and approval processing. For example, by expanding the number of defined types of home-based businesses, the standards and permit processes can be properly tailored to the level of intensity of the business, thereby creating the most efficient and effective level of regulation.

Goal C. Increase the Vitality of Agriculture and Tourism

1. Increase
Accommodation
Capacity

Increase accommodation capacity by locating a hotel within the Town of Berryville.

- a) Update 2013 hotel study, if deemed necessary.
- b) Seek investors for new hotel.
- c) Seek ways to assist existing owners.
- 2. Tourism Strategic Plan

Work with Town Planner to formalize Tourism Strategic Plan and implement.

DRAFT Revision Date: September 19, 2018

 Foster growth and vitality of the agricultural industry The County currently provides some assistance and information to the local farm community as well as relying on state organizations such as the Virginia Cooperative Extension, the Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and the Virginia Farm Bureau.

4. Promote information and understanding of the local agricultural industry

In conjunction with enhancement of the County's website for all economic development components.

As the County expands and broadens its programmatic support for the local farm industry, the website can reflect and reinforce those efforts by providing data and information, links to other resources, and other networking tools, etc. Specific content will depend on how the website emerges in relation to expansion of agricultural development efforts.

Promote Equine Development Conduct a detailed study of the equine industry. This would include identifying the barriers and opportunities for expanding, and steps to pursue (similar to the Town's recent hotel market study). The purpose is to identify to identify the short- and long-term potential for the industry and the most practical steps and priorities for achieving the potential.

New Priorities for Consideration

- 1) Conduct an agricultural survey to evaluate and compare all rural enterprise activities.
- 2) Create a marketing plan not necessarily a tourism organization.
- 3) Examine cost/benefit of establishing a meals tax.
- 4) Address unlicensed home businesses, such as Air BnBs and uncollected transient occupancy tax.

End of document.

Tourism in Clarke County

Local Attractions:

Includes Historic tours, entertainment, lodging, multiple events, wedding venues

- Barns of Rose Hill
- Blandy Experimental Farm and State Arboretum
- Burwell-Morgan Mill
- Clarke County Historic Association Museum
- Clermont Farm
- Crossed Racquets
- Dinosaur Land
- Holy Cross Abbey
- Josephine School Community Museum
- Kentlands Foundation Farm
- L'Aberge
- Long Branch Historic House and Farm
- Mackintosh Fruit Farm
- Rosemont Manor
- Smithfield Farm
- Wayside Fun Farm
- Wineries:
 - 612 Vineyard
 - Twin Oaks Tavern Winery
 - Veramar Vineyard

Member regional initiatives:

- Appalachian Trail
- Artisan Trail
- Cool Springs Battlefield Trail
- Shenandoah Valley Tourism Partnership
- Spirits Trail

101 Chalmers Court, Suite B Berryville, VA 22611

Agricultural tours / events:

- Farm 2 Fork tour
- Spring farm tour
- Christmas tree farm tour

Biking events: Multiple throughout the County

Clarke County Parks and Recreation

- Dog Park
- Egg Hunt
- Quilters Fair
- Multiple 5K events
- Music in the Park
- Pool
- Craft Shows: Spring and Fall
- Variety of children and adult activities including arts and crafts, fitness, general interest, sports and athletics
- Walking / running trail
- See The Core for the current list of programs, events.

Equine Events: Multiple throughout the County

Fire Companies:

- Bingo
- Cash Parties
- Casino Night
- Event rentals
- Meals
- Yard parties / sales

Telephone: [540] 955-5107 Fax: [540] 955-5170

Ruritan Fairgrounds

- 4th of July Event including Fireworks
- Agriculture: Weigh ins, sales, shows
- Auctions
- County fair
- Dances
- Event rentals
- Hamfest and Computer / Electronics Show
- Shenandoah Valley Fiber Festival
- Steam and Gas Engine Show
- The Gathering Harvest Festival of Gourds and Art Heritage
- Truck and tractor pulls

Special Events:

- Blue Ridge Spring Races
- Hunt Country Cluster Dog Show at Historic Long Branch
- Long Branch Easter Egg Hunt
- Pasture Palooza Music and Arts Festival
- River and Roots Festival
- Watermelon Parkfest

Watermelon Park:

- Camping
- Events
- River recreation
- Weddings

Clarke County Economic Development Advisory Committee

Adjournment

Supporting Material:

- ✓ 2018 Year-end Building Department Report
- ✓ 2018 EDAC Report
- ✓ EDAC Follow-up Items Status Report
- ✓ EDAC December 19, 2018, Business Tour
- ✓ Press Release: GO Virginia Region 8 Awards Funding for Talent Solutions Strategy
- ✓ Board of Supervisors January 19, 1999, Minutes –
 Formation of Office of Economic Development, Economic Development Advisory Committee, and Industrial Development Authority
- ✓ Annual Distribution:
 - Title 2.2. Administration of Government Chapter 37.
 Virginia Freedom of Information Act
 - Title 42.1. Libraries Chapter 7. Virginia Public Records Act

Building Department - Clarke County New Single Family Dwellings 2018

	Battletown	Berryville	Boyce	Chapel	Greenway	Longmarsh	TOTAL	COMMENTS
January	2						2	
February			2	1			3	
March	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	
April				2	1		3	
May	1					1	2	
June				3	1		4	
July	1					2	3	
August	1			2	1		4	
September	1	1	1				3	
October	1					1	2	
November			1				1	
December		_	1		1	1	3	
TOTAL	8	2	6	9	5	6	36	

2018 Economic Development Advisory Committee

		3/21/2018		7/18/2018		11/14/2018		Total	
Meetings	1/17/2018	Cancelled	5/16/2018	No Quorum	9/19/2018	Cancelled	12/19/2018	Attend	
Barb, Jim	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	4	80%
Conrad, Bryan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Dunkle, Christy	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	4	80%
Kraybill, Christina	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	4	80%
McKay, Bev	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	60%
Milleson, John	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	60%
Myer, Eric	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	40%
Pritchard, Betsy	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	4	80%
Capelli, Len	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	4	80%
	6	0	6	5	6	0	5	28	

Highlights

January: Elected Chair John Milleson, Vice Chair Christina Kraybill

Established bi-monthly schedule

March: Cancelled due to inclement weather.

May: Farmers Market Presentation

Initial review of Economic Development Strategic Plan

July: No quorum, conducted informal review of Economic Development Strategic Plan including business directory

Conducted informal review of Economic Development Strategic Plan including business directory

September: Electronic Meetings Policy

Econ Dev Strategic Plan review

November: Cancelled

December: Visit Mt Airy Farm Market, Locke's Store, Rosemont Manor, Marios

Economic Development Advisory Committee Follow Up Items Status Report

Meeting Date	Item	Description	Follow Up	Status	Date Complete
9/19/2019	24	Process and post approved minutes for 5/16/2018.	Lora B. Walburn	Complete	9/20/2018
9/19/2019	25	Update Strategic Plan with changes identified during meeting.	Lora B. Walburn	Complete	9/28/2018
9/19/2019	26	Develop 2018 Business Tour	Len Capelli	Complete	12/3/2018



County of Clarke Economic Development Advisory Committee

Jim Barb, Bryan Conrad, Christy Dunkle, Christina Kraybill, Bev McKay, John Milleson, Eric Myer, Elizabeth Pritchard

Holiday Business Tour Agenda

11:00 am, Wednesday, December 19, 2018 Meeting at Mt. Airy Farm Market, 8204 John Mosby Highway, Boyce

11:00 am. Mt Airy Farm Market
 8204 John Mosby Hwy, Boyce, VA 22620
 Learn about local farm to market and future plans





Telephone: [540] 955-5100 Fax: [540] 955-5180 11:30 am. Locke Store
 2049 Millwood Rd, Millwood, VA 22646
 Learn about expansion plans incorporating the building next door





12:00 noon Historic Rosemont Manor
 Rosemont Manor Ln, Berryville, VA 22611
 See an early preview of the new barn venue and discuss future plans



Mario's
 36 W Main St, Berryville, VA 22611
 Lunch

For Immediate Release

Contacts: Bonnie Riedesel, (540) 885-5174, bonnie@cspdc.org

Faith McClintic, (804) 347-1877, govareg8pd@gmail.com

GO Virginia Region 8 Awards Funding for Talent Solutions Strategy

Initiative will target filling middle- and high-skill workforce gaps.

HARRISONBURG (December 17, 2018) – The GO Virginia Region 8 Council has approved funding for the Shenandoah Valley Talent Solutions Strategy under the Enhanced Capacity Building category. Enhanced Capacity Building activities support analysis and planning for project development and implementation. Examples of projects include feasibility studies, assessment or planning studies, capacity building, and other initiatives that support successful project outcomes.

Northern Shenandoah Valley localities partnering on the Shenandoah Valley Talent Solutions Strategy are Frederick, Clarke, Page, Shenandoah, and Warren counties, and the city of Winchester. The initiative will study the obstacles that young adults and employers in the region face in entering or remaining in middle-skill and high-skill jobs. The focus will be current job seekers, university and community college graduates, and high school students, and the goal will be to identify targeted recruitment and retention strategies that will enhance the quality and quantity of available workers in the region.

The research will be comprised of focus groups of high school guidance counselors and college career professionals, in-depth interviews with human resources directors and other corporate stakeholders, a randomized, online survey and focus group of students, and determination of industry-specific needs and concerns. The Talent Solutions Strategy will cost \$134,800, with GO Virginia providing \$64,800 and the localities contributing \$70,000. The group is expected to secure consultants for the project in early 2019 with the intent of completing the work by the end of the 2019.

Frederick County's Economic Development Authority Executive Director Patrick Barker said about the initiative: "The availability of skilled labor remains a top factor in site selections by corporations. As such communities like Frederick County, VA are required now to effectively market to young adults to improve their retention and attraction, especially within the key industries we are targeting for business retention and attraction. This project will provide the first step in answering this mandate."

The Virginia Initiative for Growth and Opportunity (GO Virginia) is a voluntary, business-led, bipartisan initiative that was formed to foster private-sector growth and diversification across nine economic development regions in the Commonwealth of Virginia. State financial incentives designated for regional projects that encourage collaboration between private sector companies, workforce, education, and government are administered by the Virginia Growth and Opportunity Board. GO Virginia Region 8 covers a large area from Winchester to Lexington and includes ten counties and six cities in the Shenandoah Valley, with a combined population of 525,000. The 28-member council that oversees the GO Virginia program is made up of representatives from small and large business, higher and K-12 education, elected officials, and economic and workforce development organizations.

###

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Adjourned Meeting January 19, 1999

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Clarke County, Virginia, held in the Board of Supervisors' Meeting Room, Circuit Courthouse on Tuesday, January 19, 1999 at 7:30 p.m.

PRESENT:

A. R. Dunning, Jr., Chairman; Philip Shenk, Vice-Chairman; Supervisor Jack Lillis; Supervisor Mike Hobert and Supervisor John Staelin.

Representatives of the press from the Winchester Star and Clarke Courier were also present.

Fourteen persons representing the public were present.

CALL TO ORDER:

Chairman Dunning called the meeting to order at 7:30 p.m. in the Board of Supervisors' Meeting Room of the Circuit Courthouse.

PUBLIC HEARING - 7:30 p.m.

Charles Johnston, Planning Director, read the notice of public hearing as follows:

PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE

The Clarke County Board of Supervisors will hold a public hearing on Tuesday, January 19, 1999 at 7:30 P.M., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard, in the Board of Supervisors' Meeting Room, Second Floor, Circuit Courthouse, 102 N. Church Street, Berryville, Virginia, to consider the following matter:

CLARKE COUNTY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLAN

The full text in connection with the above matter is available to the public at the Clarke County Administrative Offices during regular working hours.

Any person desiring to be heard regarding the above matter should appear at the appointed time and place. Written copies of statements at public hearings are requested but not required.

Clarke County does not discriminate on the basis of handicapped status in admission to its programs and activities. Accommodations will be made for handicapped persons upon prior request.

David L. Ash, County Administrator

An overview of the proposed Plan and Resolution was presented by Charles Johnston and Jack Lillis. It was explained that the Economic Development Plan will not be a part of the Comprehensive Plan, but will be a stand alone document.

It was suggested that under Item 1. County Administrator, subheading #6 that the ten year projection be changed to five years and that under Item 3. Economic Development Director, subheading (b) that the words "see attached synopsis" be deleted.

Chairman Dunning opened the public hearing for comment. The following persons appeared to address the Board:

<u>Millie Curtis:</u> Stated that she has concerns about how much the Board is really behind the Plan to see it through. Knows of too many businesses who have moved elsewhere. It is a good plan and she would like to see the Board back it and follow through. Would hate to see the County pour more money into this project if it is not viable.

Chairman Dunning responded by outlining some of the things that the Board is currently working on that hopefully will open the county up for possible business.

Supervisor Lillis responded that he cannot speak for the next Board, but that this Board is working to make a significant contribution for economic development.

Jerry Kirk: Feels the county is on the right track. Have got to become more business friendly. Need to have more positive press. The Landowners and Board members are a partnership that needs to work together.

<u>George Orstrom:</u> Feels the Economic Development Plan is very important. Need to be careful to get the kind of business we want and be able to keep them here. Need to be careful about offering tax breaks and other incentives to prospective businesses. There is a limit on the water and sewer that the county has to offer.

<u>Bill Peters:</u> Thinks the proposed Plan has great merit. Asked if criteria for locating in the park will be so restrictive as to discourage interest. Speed is essential for most applicants. Will the process be steamlined in any way in order to cut down on the amount of time it take for an application to be approved?

John Friant, Sr.: Totally supports the project. The timing and circumstances are right. There is access to the rail system from the Industrial Park and feels it will be a bargain for potential businesses.

There being no further comment from the public, the hearing was closed by the Chairman.

Supervisor Stalin commented that he has talked to Tom Judge about the economics of the project and feels it is "doable". Budgetary projections can be difficult in long range planning. He thanked Jack Lillis for his work on the Plan and for reaching out to the community. Likes the Resolution and thinks it is the best direction for the Board to take

It was the opinion of Supervisor Shenk that the Board needs Mr. Judge's projections in order to approach state legislators. Feels optimistic about the Industrial Park and the benefits it can offer. We are on the verge of getting the park open and will have something to sell. Have to move forward. Complimented Supervisor Lillis and Gary Konkel for the work they have done on the Economic Development Plan.

Supervisor Hobert thanked Mr. Lillis for his efforts. The comments from the public are good. Does not want to see us make some of the mistakes that our neighbors have made. Perceives the Resolution to indicate that we need to work closely with the Town of Berryville. Is looking forward to working with the Board and Town and feels optimistic about the future of the county.

Chairman Dunning also expressed gratitude to Supervisor Lillis for his hard work on this project.

Supervisor Lillis acknowledged the help of many people in preparing the document. Gary Konkel's committee had done alot of work. This needs to be a living document and needs to be changed as necessary.

Supervisor Lillis moved to approve the proposed Resolution with the two minor modifications outlined above. The motion was approved by the following recorded vote:

Chairman Dunning - aye
Vice-Chairman Shenk - aye
Supervisor Hobert - aye
Supervisor Lillis - aye
Supervisor Staelin - aye

The approved Resolution will read as follows:

RESOLUTION

Whereas, the population of Clarke County has grown significantly,

Whereas, the number of jobs in Clarke County has increased faster than the average for Virginia and the unemployment rate is less than the average for Virginia

Whereas, the Clarke County Comprehensive Plan provides for light industrial and commercial activities within the Berryville Area and at the intersections of primary highways,

Whereas, Clarke County has many strengths that can used for expansion of its economic activity;

Whereas, revenue from the local property tax has increased to become the most significant single source of county revenue, while state and federal revenue to the county has decreased;

Whereas, capital costs for the County will be increasing;

Whereas, preparation of a bi-annual revenue needs analysis would help the Board of Supervisors in determining the fiscal state of the County;

Now therefore, be it resolved that, the following activities shall be undertaken by the identified party to enhance the county's economic development activities.

1. County Administrator:

- a) Prepare and present the biannual revenue needs analysis report and assist the board of supervisors in creating its strategy and goals for filling in projected revenue shortfalls. Elements of the needs analysis report shall include:
 - 1) Economic impact assessment of any rezoning decisions made the prior year.
 - 2) An update of the 10 year capital improvements program, based on inputs from all department heads.
 - 3) Ten year revenue history and an analysis of revenues anticipated as compared to those actually received for the prior year.
 - 4) Ten year expenditure history and an analysis of expenditures anticipated as compared to those actually made for the prior years.
 - 5) Budgetary projections for the next five years.
 - 6) Five year projections of revenue needs by type and estimated surplus/shortfall (assuming no change in property tax rates) together with recommendations as to how the needed revenues are to be raised and at what rate.
- b) Make recommendations as appropriate concerning economic development to the board of supervisors.
- c) At the beginning of each budget cycle, update the remaining years of the most recent biannual revenue needs analysis report to reflect any major changes in zoning, state or federal funding, and/or anticipated revenue collections.
- d) Supervise the efforts of the economic development director.
- e) Coordinate the efforts of the economic development director, the economic development advisory committee, and the industrial development authority.
- f) Interface with other local officials in pursuing economic development.
- g) Recommend changes, as needed, to the Clarke County Comprehensive Plan to facilitate desired economic development.

2. Board of Supervisors:

In the second year of the biannual budget cycle (after the General Assembly has adjourned for that year):

- a) Review and evaluate the biannual revenue needs analysis report as prepared by the county administrator.
- b) Define a course of action for filling in any projected revenue shortfall and set goals that can be monitored. (e.g. seeking additional state and federal funds, attracting new businesses, postponing the least important spending projects, positive cash flow from expanded senior citizen housing, real estate transfer fees, etc.) The course of action should be specific and should list key actions to be taken over the next two years.
- c) Review, modify as required, and approve the economic development strategy created by the economic development director.

At the beginning of each budget cycle:

- a) Review any update of the most recent biannual revenue needs analysis report.
- b) Review progress against the defined course of action for filling in any projected revenue shortfall to see if actions taken are attaining the desired results, and revise as needed.
- c) Review, modify as required, and approve the economic development strategy created by the economic development director.

Ongoing:

- a) Provide policy guidance concerning economic development.
- b) Respond to requests from the economic development director.
- c) Provide sewer, water, and roads, as needed, to enhance economic development.

3. Economic Development Director:

- a) Help the Board of Supervisors define its course of action and goals for filling in any projected revenue shortfall.
- b) Prepare and update annually a Clarke County Economic Development Strategy. This document should include a list of current "roadblocks" to development and recommend actions for county officials. In addition, the document should list the kinds of businesses the county should pursue and the actions the economic development director will take to promote commercial and industrial development. Wherever possible, all suggestions carrying an economic price tag should be cost justified.
- c) Identify, promote, and assist targeted businesses interested in locating to Clarke County.
- d) Assist existing businesses and/or trade groups with their improvement/expansion plans.
- e) Manage the development and marketing of the industrial park.
- f) Interface with local and state economic development organizations, including the Northern Shenandoah Valley Regional Partnership.
- g) Act as a liaison to and assist the economic development advisory committee and the industrial development authority as needed.
- h) Carry out the directives of the county administrator.

4. Economic Development Advisory Committee:

Citizen involvement in all aspects of local government is both desirable and essential.

The residents of Clarke County can play an important role in helping the board of supervisors and the economic development director set and meet the county's goals for economic development. The committee shall act in an advisory capacity in:

- a) Reviewing the biannual revenue needs analysis report and offering ideas for reducing any revenue shortfall.
- b) Offering advice to the board of supervisors, county administrator and economic development director concerning economic development.

Members of the committee should include one or more people from all key government and business groups such as planning commission, board of supervisors, school board, industrial development authority, town of Berryville, chamber of commerce, and key business sectors such as agriculture, banking, realty, light industry, retail and tourism.

5. Industrial Development Authority:

Duties and responsibilities of the industrial development authority are defined in the Rules and Procedures of the Industrial Development Authority of Clarke County, Virginia.

6. Synopsis of Economic Development Strategy:

To attain its economic development goal, Clarke County requires a broad based, diversified, and complementary economic development strategy. The principal sources of revenue to the county allowable under the Code of Virginia are through real property, personal property, tools and machinery, and sales taxes. The strategy should focus on businesses that will provide maximum benefit from these revenue sources at minimum cost for services. Economic development activities can result in a diversity of job opportunities for local residents but job creation itself should not be a prime objective. Caution must be exercised to insure that additional revenues received from new businesses are not exceeded by additional costs incurred in providing services to new residents attracted by new jobs.

Five business areas have been identified for pursuit. They include: agriculture, tourism and retail business, high technology, existing business expansion, and light industrial. (An additional area of retirement living has been identified as requiring further study before any economic development activities are planned). They have been chosen because they contribute to our overall goal and provide a balanced approach to economic development. The matrix below depicts possible tax generation possibilities from each business area.

Business	Real	Personal	Machine &	Sales	Utility Motor
Area	Estate	Property	Equipment		Vehicles
Agricultural	X	X	X	X	X
Tourism & Retail				v	

High Tech.	X	X	X	X		
Existing Business	X	X	X	X	X	X
Light Indus.	X	X	X	X	X	X
Retirement Living	X	X		X		X

6.1 Agriculture:

Agriculture is a significant business area within the county. We should encourage existing farming and agribusiness operations and find new agricultural businesses to bring to the county. Retaining agricultural land provides a major cost control on spending, because agricultural uses provide the county more in revenue than they cost in services. Each time farmland is subdivided into housing tracts, the county experiences a significant net loss because residential properties on average cost more in services than they generate in taxes.

6.2 Tourism and Retail Businesses:

Tourism is a natural for Clarke County. The county's scenic beauty and historic resources draw people from great distances every weekend. Unfortunately, few businesses currently exploit this market. The Burwell Morgan mill, Blandy farm, and Long Branch provide a starting point. However, there is a noticeable lack of retail shops and well located restaurants for tourists to visit. There is a need for a focal point to distribute information concerning Clarke County tourist attractions. Also, there is the need for additional overnight accommodations. Coordination of activities with the tourism activities of the Northern Shenandoah Valley Regional Partnership is desirable.

6.3 High Technology:

High technology business has yet to establish itself as a significant business area in Clarke County. However, the quality of life afforded by Clarke County should make it attractive to small and medium sized high technology firms. Also, the lower cost of space and the possibility of qualified workers commuting into the county could be attractive to fledgling high technology firms.

6.4 Existing Businesses:

Economic success of existing businesses is of benefit to the county as well as to the business owners. Taxes from these businesses contribute to local county revenues. Working with existing businesses to succeed and to expand should be a priority, as should efforts to attract new businesses to complement those already here.

6.5 Light Industry:

Light industrial business is necessary to provide a broad spectrum approach to economic development in Clarke County. The current industrial base primarily involves three companies. More are needed. Light industrial businesses contribute to the tax base in many ways. Small equipment intensive high tech companies serving businesses in surrounding localities would be a good fit.

6.6 Retirement Living:

Recent economic analyses of senior citizen housing indicate that, like agriculture and industry, they require fewer dollars in services than they pay in taxes. They also expand the customer base for local retail businesses.

ATTEST: Approved: January 19, 1999	A. R. Dunning, Jr., Chairman	
There being no further business to be brought before b.m. to reconvene on Thursday, January 28, 1999 at	e v	•
ATTEST:	F	
ATTEST:	A. R. Dunning, Jr., Chairman	
	David L. Ash, County Adm.	

Title 2.2. Administration of Government

Chapter 37. Virginia Freedom of Information Act.

§ 2.2-3700. Short title; policy.

A. This chapter may be cited as "The Virginia Freedom of Information Act."

B. By enacting this chapter, the General Assembly ensures the people of the Commonwealth ready access to public records in the custody of a public body or its officers and employees, and free entry to meetings of public bodies wherein the business of the people is being conducted. The affairs of government are not intended to be conducted in an atmosphere of secrecy since at all times the public is to be the beneficiary of any action taken at any level of government. Unless a public body or its officers or employees specifically elect to exercise an exemption provided by this chapter or any other statute, every meeting shall be open to the public and all public records shall be available for inspection and copying upon request. All public records and meetings shall be presumed open, unless an exemption is properly invoked.

The provisions of this chapter shall be liberally construed to promote an increased awareness by all persons of governmental activities and afford every opportunity to citizens to witness the operations of government. Any exemption from public access to records or meetings shall be narrowly construed and no record shall be withheld or meeting closed to the public unless specifically made exempt pursuant to this chapter or other specific provision of law. This chapter shall not be construed to discourage the free discussion by government officials or employees of public matters with the citizens of the Commonwealth.

All public bodies and their officers and employees shall make reasonable efforts to reach an agreement with a requester concerning the production of the records requested.

Any ordinance adopted by a local governing body that conflicts with the provisions of this chapter shall be void.

1968, c. 479, § 2.1-340; 1976, c. 467, § 2.1-340.1; 1989, c. 358; 1990, c. 538; 1999, cc. 703, 726; 2001, c. 844;2002, c. 393.

§ 2.2-3701. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning:

"Closed meeting" means a meeting from which the public is excluded.

"Electronic communication" means the use of technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities to transmit or receive information.

"Emergency" means an unforeseen circumstance rendering the notice required by this chapter impossible or impracticable and which circumstance requires immediate action.

"Information" as used in the exclusions established by §§ 2.2-3705.1 through 2.2-3705.7, means the content within a public record that references a specifically identified subject matter, and shall not be interpreted to require the production of information that is not embodied in a public record.

"Meeting" or "meetings" means the meetings including work sessions, when sitting physically, or through electronic communication means pursuant to § 2.2-3708.2, as a body or entity, or as an

informal assemblage of (i) as many as three members or (ii) a quorum, if less than three, of the constituent membership, wherever held, with or without minutes being taken, whether or not votes are cast, of any public body. Neither the gathering of employees of a public body nor the gathering or attendance of two or more members of a public body (a) at any place or function where no part of the purpose of such gathering or attendance is the discussion or transaction of any public business, and such gathering or attendance was not called or prearranged with any purpose of discussing or transacting any business of the public body, or (b) at a public forum, candidate appearance, or debate, the purpose of which is to inform the electorate and not to transact public business or to hold discussions relating to the transaction of public business, even though the performance of the members individually or collectively in the conduct of public business may be a topic of discussion or debate at such public meeting, shall be deemed a "meeting" subject to the provisions of this chapter.

"Open meeting" or "public meeting" means a meeting at which the public may be present.

"Public body" means any legislative body, authority, board, bureau, commission, district or agency of the Commonwealth or of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including cities, towns and counties, municipal councils, governing bodies of counties, school boards and planning commissions; governing boards of public institutions of higher education; and other organizations, corporations or agencies in the Commonwealth supported wholly or principally by public funds. It shall include (i) the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Program and its board of directors established pursuant to Chapter 50 (§ 38.2-5000 et seq.) of Title 38.2 and (ii) any committee, subcommittee, or other entity however designated, of the public body created to perform delegated functions of the public body or to advise the public body. It shall not exclude any such committee, subcommittee or entity because it has private sector or citizen members. Corporations organized by the Virginia Retirement System are "public bodies" for purposes of this chapter.

For the purposes of the provisions of this chapter applicable to access to public records, constitutional officers and private police departments as defined in § 9.1-101 shall be considered public bodies and, except as otherwise expressly provided by law, shall have the same obligations to disclose public records as other custodians of public records.

"Public records" means all writings and recordings that consist of letters, words or numbers, or their equivalent, set down by handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostatting, photography, magnetic impulse, optical or magneto-optical form, mechanical or electronic recording or other form of data compilation, however stored, and regardless of physical form or characteristics, prepared or owned by, or in the possession of a public body or its officers, employees or agents in the transaction of public business.

"Regional public body" means a unit of government organized as provided by law within defined boundaries, as determined by the General Assembly, which unit includes two or more localities.

"Scholastic records" means those records containing information directly related to a student or an applicant for admission and maintained by a public body that is an educational agency or institution or by a person acting for such agency or institution.

1968, c. 479, § 2.1-341; 1970, c. 456; 1974, c. 332; 1975, c. 307; 1977, c. 677; 1978, cc. 573, 826; 1979, cc. 369, 687; 1980, c. 754; 1984, c. 252; 1989, c. 358; 1990, c. 538; 1993, cc. 270, 720; 1994, cc. 845, 931;1996, c. 609;1997, c. 641;1999, cc. 703, 726;2001, c. 844;2002, c. 393;2003, c. 897;

2007, c. 945;2008, cc. 233, 789;2010, c. 706;2011, c. 242;2015, cc. 131, 195, 224;2016, cc. 620, 716;2017, cc. 616, 778;2018, cc. 54, 55.

§ 2.2-3702. Notice of chapter.

Any person elected, reelected, appointed or reappointed to any body not excepted from this chapter shall (i) be furnished by the public body's administrator or legal counsel with a copy of this chapter within two weeks following election, reelection, appointment or reappointment and (ii) read and become familiar with the provisions of this chapter.

1976, c. 467, § 2.1-341.1; 1999, cc. 703, 726;2001, c. 844;2002, c. 393.

- § 2.2-3703. Public bodies and records to which chapter inapplicable; voter registration and election records; access by persons incarcerated in a state, local, or federal correctional facility. A. The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:
- 1. The Virginia Parole Board, except that (i) information from the Virginia Parole Board providing the number of inmates considered by the Board for discretionary parole, the number of inmates granted or denied parole, and the number of parolees returned to the custody of the Department of Corrections solely as a result of a determination by the Board of a violation of parole shall be open to inspection and available for release, on a monthly basis, as provided by § 2.2-3704;(ii) all guidance documents, as defined in § 2.2-4101, shall be public records and subject to the provisions of this chapter; and (iii) all records concerning the finances of the Virginia Parole Board shall be public records and subject to the provisions of this chapter. The information required by clause (i) shall be furnished by offense, sex, race, age of the inmate, and the locality in which the conviction was obtained, upon the request of the party seeking the information. The information required by clause (ii) shall include all documents establishing the policy of the Board or any change in or clarification of such policy with respect to grant, denial, deferral, revocation, or supervision of parole or geriatric release or the process for consideration thereof, and shall be clearly and conspicuously posted on the Board's website. However, such information shall not include any portion of any document reflecting the application of any policy or policy change or clarification of such policy to an individual inmate;
- 2. Petit juries and grand juries;
- 3. Family assessment and planning teams established pursuant to § 2.2-5207;
- 4. The Virginia State Crime Commission; and
- 5. The records maintained by the clerks of the courts of record, as defined in § 1-212, for which clerks are custodians under § 17.1-242, and courts not of record, as defined in § 16.1-69.5, for which clerks are custodians under § 16.1-69.54, including those transferred for storage, maintenance, or archiving. Such records shall be requested in accordance with the provisions of §§ 16.1-69.54:1 and 17.1-208, as appropriate. However, other records maintained by the clerks of such courts shall be public records and subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- B. Public access to voter registration and election records shall be governed by the provisions of Title 24.2 and this chapter. The provisions of Title 24.2 shall be controlling in the event of any conflict.
- C. No provision of this chapter or Chapter 21 (§ 30-178 et seq.) of Title 30 shall be construed to afford any rights to any person (i) incarcerated in a state, local or federal correctional facility,

whether or not such facility is (a) located in the Commonwealth or (b) operated pursuant to the Corrections Private Management Act (§ 53.1-261 et seq.) or (ii) civilly committed pursuant to the Sexually Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.). However, this subsection shall not be construed to prevent such persons from exercising their constitutionally protected rights, including, but not limited to, their right to call for evidence in their favor in a criminal prosecution.

1999, cc. 703, 726, § 2.1-341.2; 2001, c. 844;2003, cc. 989, 1018;2004, cc. 398, 690;2007, cc. 438, 548, 626;2017, c. 620;2018, cc. 127, 584.

§ 2.2-3703.1. Disclosure pursuant to court order or subpoena.

Nothing contained in this chapter shall have any bearing upon disclosures required to be made pursuant to any court order or subpoena. No discretionary exemption from mandatory disclosure shall be construed to make records covered by such discretionary exemption privileged under the rules of discovery, unless disclosure is otherwise prohibited by law.

2014, c. 319.

§ 2.2-3704. Public records to be open to inspection; procedure for requesting records and responding to request; charges; transfer of records for storage, etc.

A. Except as otherwise specifically provided by law, all public records shall be open to citizens of the Commonwealth, representatives of newspapers and magazines with circulation in the Commonwealth, and representatives of radio and television stations broadcasting in or into the Commonwealth during the regular office hours of the custodian of such records. Access to such records shall be provided by the custodian in accordance with this chapter by inspection or by providing copies of the requested records, at the option of the requester. The custodian may require the requester to provide his name and legal address. The custodian of such records shall take all necessary precautions for their preservation and safekeeping.

- B. A request for public records shall identify the requested records with reasonable specificity. The request need not make reference to this chapter in order to invoke the provisions of this chapter or to impose the time limits for response by a public body. Any public body that is subject to this chapter and that is the custodian of the requested records shall promptly, but in all cases within five working days of receiving a request, provide the requested records to the requester or make one of the following responses in writing:
- 1. The requested records are being entirely withheld. Such response shall identify with reasonable particularity the volume and subject matter of withheld records, and cite, as to each category of withheld records, the specific Code section that authorizes the withholding of the records.
- 2. The requested records are being provided in part and are being withheld in part. Such response shall identify with reasonable particularity the subject matter of withheld portions, and cite, as to each category of withheld records, the specific Code section that authorizes the withholding of the records.
- 3. The requested records could not be found or do not exist. However, if the public body that received the request knows that another public body has the requested records, the response shall include contact information for the other public body.
- 4. It is not practically possible to provide the requested records or to determine whether they are

available within the five-work-day period. Such response shall specify the conditions that make a response impossible. If the response is made within five working days, the public body shall have an additional seven work days in which to provide one of the four preceding responses.

- C. Any public body may petition the appropriate court for additional time to respond to a request for records when the request is for an extraordinary volume of records or requires an extraordinarily lengthy search, and a response by the public body within the time required by this chapter will prevent the public body from meeting its operational responsibilities. Before proceeding with the petition, however, the public body shall make reasonable efforts to reach an agreement with the requester concerning the production of the records requested.
- D. Subject to the provisions of subsection G, no public body shall be required to create a new record if the record does not already exist. However, a public body may abstract or summarize information under such terms and conditions as agreed between the requester and the public body.
- E. Failure to respond to a request for records shall be deemed a denial of the request and shall constitute a violation of this chapter.
- F. A public body may make reasonable charges not to exceed its actual cost incurred in accessing, duplicating, supplying, or searching for the requested records. No public body shall impose any extraneous, intermediary, or surplus fees or expenses to recoup the general costs associated with creating or maintaining records or transacting the general business of the public body. Any duplicating fee charged by a public body shall not exceed the actual cost of duplication. The public body may also make a reasonable charge for the cost incurred in supplying records produced from a geographic information system at the request of anyone other than the owner of the land that is the subject of the request. However, such charges shall not exceed the actual cost to the public body in supplying such records, except that the public body may charge, on a pro rata per acre basis, for the cost of creating topographical maps developed by the public body, for such maps or portions thereof, which encompass a contiguous area greater than 50 acres. All charges for the supplying of requested records shall be estimated in advance at the request of the citizen.
- G. Public records maintained by a public body in an electronic data processing system, computer database, or any other structured collection of data shall be made available to a requester at a reasonable cost, not to exceed the actual cost in accordance with subsection F. When electronic or other databases are combined or contain exempt and nonexempt records, the public body may provide access to the exempt records if not otherwise prohibited by law, but shall provide access to the nonexempt records as provided by this chapter.

Public bodies shall produce nonexempt records maintained in an electronic database in any tangible medium identified by the requester, including, where the public body has the capability, the option of posting the records on a website or delivering the records through an electronic mail address provided by the requester, if that medium is used by the public body in the regular course of business. No public body shall be required to produce records from an electronic database in a format not regularly used by the public body. However, the public body shall make reasonable efforts to provide records in any format under such terms and conditions as agreed between the requester and public body, including the payment of reasonable costs. The excision of exempt fields of information from a database or the conversion of data from one available format to another shall not be deemed the creation, preparation, or compilation of a new public

record.

H. In any case where a public body determines in advance that charges for producing the requested records are likely to exceed \$200, the public body may, before continuing to process the request, require the requester to agree to payment of a deposit not to exceed the amount of the advance determination. The deposit shall be credited toward the final cost of supplying the requested records. The period within which the public body shall respond under this section shall be tolled for the amount of time that elapses between notice of the advance determination and the response of the requester.

I. Before processing a request for records, a public body may require the requester to pay any amounts owed to the public body for previous requests for records that remain unpaid 30 days or more after billing.

J. In the event a public body has transferred possession of public records to any entity, including but not limited to any other public body, for storage, maintenance, or archiving, the public body initiating the transfer of such records shall remain the custodian of such records for purposes of responding to requests for public records made pursuant to this chapter and shall be responsible for retrieving and supplying such public records to the requester. In the event a public body has transferred public records for storage, maintenance, or archiving and such transferring public body is no longer in existence, any public body that is a successor to the transferring public body shall be deemed the custodian of such records. In the event no successor entity exists, the entity in possession of the public records shall be deemed the custodian of the records for purposes of compliance with this chapter, and shall retrieve and supply such records to the requester.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to apply to records transferred to the Library of Virginia for permanent archiving pursuant to the duties imposed by the Virginia Public Records Act (§ 42.1-76 et seq.). In accordance with § 42.1-79, the Library of Virginia shall be the custodian of such permanently archived records and shall be responsible for responding to requests for such records made pursuant to this chapter.

1968, c. 479, § 2.1-342; 1973, c. 461; 1974, c. 332; 1975, cc. 307, 312; 1976, cc. 640, 709; 1977, c. 677; 1978, c. 810; 1979, cc. 682, 684, 686, 689; 1980, cc. 678, 754; 1981, cc. 456, 464, 466, 589; 1982, cc. 225, 449, 452, 560, 635; 1983, cc. 372, 462, 607; 1984, cc. 85, 395, 433, 513, 532; 1985, cc. 81, 155, 502, 618; 1986, cc. 273, 291, 383, 469, 592; 1987, cc. 401, 491, 581; 1988, cc. 39, 151, 395, 411, 891, 902; 1989, cc. 56, 358, 478; 1990, cc. 217, 538, 721, 819, 968; 1991, cc. 213, 561; 1992, cc. 40, 150, 167, 200, 203, 207, 593, 612; 1993, cc. 205, 270, 296, 537, 552, 638, 750, 883; 1994, cc. 485, 532, 606, 839, 853, 918;1995, cc. 299, 362, 499, 562, 638, 722, 812, 837;1996, cc. 168, 469, 589, 599, 783, 786, 794, 855, 862, 902, 905, 1001, 1046;1997, cc. 198, 295, 439, 567, 636, 641, 777, 782, 785, 838, 861;1998, cc. 427, 891;1999, cc. 438, 703, 726;2001, c. 844;2002, cc. 715, 830; 2003, cc. 275, 981, 1021;2007, c. 439;2009, c. 626;2010, c. 627;2011, c. 604;2016, cc. 620, 716; 2017, c. 778.

§ 2.2-3704.01. Records containing both excluded and nonexcluded information; duty to redact. No provision of this chapter is intended, nor shall it be construed or applied, to authorize a public body to withhold a public record in its entirety on the grounds that some portion of the public record is excluded from disclosure by this chapter or by any other provision of law. A public record may be withheld from disclosure in its entirety only to the extent that an exclusion from disclosure under this chapter or other provision of law applies to the entire content of the public record. Otherwise, only those portions of the public record containing information subject

to an exclusion under this chapter or other provision of law may be withheld, and all portions of the public record that are not so excluded shall be disclosed.

2016, cc. 620, 716.

§ 2.2-3704.1. Posting of notice of rights and responsibilities by state and local public bodies; assistance by the Freedom of Information Advisory Council.

- A. All state public bodies subject to the provisions of this chapter, any county or city, any town with a population of more than 250, and any school board shall make available the following information to the public upon request and shall post a link to such information on the homepage of their respective official public government websites:
- 1. A plain English explanation of the rights of a requester under this chapter, the procedures to obtain public records from the public body, and the responsibilities of the public body in complying with this chapter. For purposes of this section, "plain English" means written in nontechnical, readily understandable language using words of common everyday usage and avoiding legal terms and phrases or other terms and words of art whose usage or special meaning primarily is limited to a particular field or profession;
- 2. Contact information for the FOIA officer designated by the public body pursuant to § 2.2-3704.2 to (i) assist a requester in making a request for records or (ii) respond to requests for public records;
- 3. A general description, summary, list, or index of the types of public records maintained by such public body;
- 4. A general description, summary, list, or index of any exemptions in law that permit or require such public records to be withheld from release;
- 5. Any policy the public body has concerning the type of public records it routinely withholds from release as permitted by this chapter or other law; and
- 6. The following statement: "A public body may make reasonable charges not to exceed its actual cost incurred in accessing, duplicating, supplying, or searching for the requested records. No public body shall impose any extraneous, intermediary, or surplus fees or expenses to recoup the general costs associated with creating or maintaining records or transacting the general business of the public body. Any duplicating fee charged by a public body shall not exceed the actual cost of duplication. All charges for the supplying of requested records shall be estimated in advance at the request of the citizen as set forth in subsection F of § 2.2-3704 of the Code of Virginia."
- B. Any state public body subject to the provisions of this chapter and any county or city, and any town with a population of more than 250, shall post a link on its official public government website to the online public comment form on the Freedom of Information Advisory Council's website to enable any requester to comment on the quality of assistance provided to the requester by the public body.
- C. The Freedom of Information Advisory Council, created pursuant to § 30-178, shall assist in the development and implementation of the provisions of subsection A, upon request.

2004, c. 730;2009, c. 626;2014, c. 421;2016, c. 748;2017, cc. 645, 778.

§ 2.2-3704.2. Public bodies to designate FOIA officer.

- A. All state public bodies, including state authorities, that are subject to the provisions of this chapter and all local public bodies that are subject to the provisions of this chapter, shall designate and publicly identify one or more Freedom of Information Act officers (FOIA officer) whose responsibility is to serve as a point of contact for members of the public in requesting public records and to coordinate the public body's compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
- B. For such state public bodies, the name and contact information of the public body's FOIA officer to whom members of the public may direct requests for public records and who will oversee the public body's compliance with the provisions of this chapter shall be made available to the public upon request and be posted on the respective public body's official public government website at the time of designation and maintained thereafter on such website for the duration of the designation.
- C. For such local public bodies, the name and contact information of the public body's FOIA officer to whom members of the public may direct requests for public records and who will oversee the public body's compliance with the provisions of this chapter shall be made available in a way reasonably calculated to provide notice to the public, including posting at the public body's place of business, posting on its official public government website, or including such information in its publications.
- D. For the purposes of this section, local public bodies shall include constitutional officers.
- E. Any such FOIA officer shall possess specific knowledge of the provisions of this chapter and be trained at least annually by legal counsel for the public body or the Virginia Freedom of Information Advisory Council (the Council) or through an online course offered by the Council. Any such training shall document that the training required by this subsection has been fulfilled.
- F. The name and contact information of a FOIA officer trained by legal counsel of a public body shall be (i) submitted to the Council by July 1 of each year on a form developed by the Council for that purpose and (ii) updated in a timely manner in the event of any changes to such information.
- G. The Council shall maintain on its website a listing of all FOIA officers, including name, contact information, and the name of the public body such FOIA officers serve.

2016, c. 748;2017, cc. 290, 778.

§ 2.2-3705. Repealed.

Repealed by Acts 2004, c. 690.

§ 2.2-3705.1. Exclusions to application of chapter; exclusions of general application to public bodies.

The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

1. Personnel information concerning identifiable individuals, except that access shall not be denied to the person who is the subject thereof. Any person who is the subject of such information and who is 18 years of age or older may waive, in writing, the protections afforded by this subdivision. If the protections are so waived, such information shall be disclosed. Nothing in

this subdivision shall be construed to authorize the withholding of any resumes or applications submitted by persons who are appointed by the Governor pursuant to $\S 2.2-106$ or 2.2-107.

No provision of this chapter or any provision of Chapter 38 (§ 2.2-3800 et seq.) shall be construed as denying public access to (i) contracts between a public body and its officers or employees, other than contracts settling public employee employment disputes held confidential as personnel records under § 2.2-3705.1;(ii) records of the name, position, job classification, official salary, or rate of pay of, and records of the allowances or reimbursements for expenses paid to, any officer, official, or employee of a public body; or (iii) the compensation or benefits paid by any corporation organized by the Virginia Retirement System or its officers or employees. The provisions of this subdivision, however, shall not require public access to records of the official salaries or rates of pay of public employees whose annual rate of pay is \$10,000 or less.

- 2. Written advice of legal counsel to state, regional or local public bodies or the officers or employees of such public bodies, and any other information protected by the attorney-client privilege.
- 3. Legal memoranda and other work product compiled specifically for use in litigation or for use in an active administrative investigation concerning a matter that is properly the subject of a closed meeting under § 2.2-3711.
- 4. Any test or examination used, administered or prepared by any public body for purposes of evaluation of (i) any student or any student's performance, (ii) any employee or employment seeker's qualifications or aptitude for employment, retention, or promotion, or (iii) qualifications for any license or certificate issued by a public body.

As used in this subdivision, "test or examination" shall include (a) any scoring key for any such test or examination and (b) any other document that would jeopardize the security of the test or examination. Nothing contained in this subdivision shall prohibit the release of test scores or results as provided by law, or limit access to individual records as provided by law. However, the subject of such employment tests shall be entitled to review and inspect all records relative to his performance on such employment tests.

When, in the reasonable opinion of such public body, any such test or examination no longer has any potential for future use, and the security of future tests or examinations will not be jeopardized, the test or examination shall be made available to the public. However, minimum competency tests administered to public school children shall be made available to the public contemporaneously with statewide release of the scores of those taking such tests, but in no event shall such tests be made available to the public later than six months after the administration of such tests.

- 5. Records recorded in or compiled exclusively for use in closed meetings lawfully held pursuant to § 2.2-3711. However, no record that is otherwise open to inspection under this chapter shall be deemed exempt by virtue of the fact that it has been reviewed or discussed in a closed meeting.
- 6. Vendor proprietary information software that may be in the public records of a public body. For the purpose of this subdivision, "vendor proprietary information software" means computer programs acquired from a vendor for purposes of processing data for agencies or political subdivisions of the Commonwealth.
- 7. Computer software developed by or for a state agency, public institution of higher education in

the Commonwealth, or political subdivision of the Commonwealth.

- 8. Appraisals and cost estimates of real property subject to a proposed purchase, sale, or lease, prior to the completion of such purchase, sale, or lease.
- 9. Information concerning reserves established in specific claims administered by the Department of the Treasury through its Division of Risk Management as provided in Article 5 (§ 2.2-1832 et seq.) of Chapter 18, or by any county, city, or town; and investigative notes, correspondence and information furnished in confidence with respect to an investigation of a claim or a potential claim against a public body's insurance policy or self-insurance plan. However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of information taken from inactive reports upon expiration of the period of limitations for the filing of a civil suit.
- 10. Personal contact information furnished to a public body for the purpose of receiving electronic mail from the public body, provided that the electronic mail recipient has requested that the public body not disclose such information. However, access shall not be denied to the person who is the subject of the record. As used in this subdivision, "personal contact information" means the information provided to the public body for the purpose of receiving electronic mail from the public body and includes home or business (i) address, (ii) email address, or (iii) telephone number or comparable number assigned to any other electronic communication device.
- 11. Communications and materials required to be kept confidential pursuant to § 2.2-4119 of the Virginia Administrative Dispute Resolution Act (§ 2.2-4115 et seq.).
- 12. Information relating to the negotiation and award of a specific contract where competition or bargaining is involved and where the release of such information would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body. Such information shall not be withheld after the public body has made a decision to award or not to award the contract. In the case of procurement transactions conducted pursuant to the Virginia Public Procurement Act (§ 2.2-4300 et seq.), the provisions of this subdivision shall not apply, and any release of information relating to such transactions shall be governed by the Virginia Public Procurement Act.
- 13. Account numbers or routing information for any credit card, debit card, or other account with a financial institution of any person or public body. However, access shall not be denied to the person who is the subject of the information. For the purposes of this subdivision, "financial institution" means any organization authorized to do business under state or federal laws relating to financial institutions, including, without limitation, banks and trust companies, savings banks, savings and loan companies or associations, and credit unions.

1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, § 2.2-3705; 2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003, cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, c. 690;2010, c. 553;2016, cc. 620, 716, 729;2017, cc. 140, 778.

§ 2.2-3705.2. Exclusions to application of chapter; records relating to public safety.

The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this

section from a public record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

- 1. Confidential information, including victim identity, provided to or obtained by staff in a rape crisis center or a program for battered spouses.
- 2. Information that describes the design, function, operation, or access control features of any security system, whether manual or automated, which is used to control access to or use of any automated data processing or telecommunications system.
- 3. Information that would disclose the security aspects of a system safety program plan adopted pursuant to Federal Transit Administration regulations by the Commonwealth's designated Rail Fixed Guideway Systems Safety Oversight agency; and information in the possession of such agency, the release of which would jeopardize the success of an ongoing investigation of a rail accident or other incident threatening railway safety.
- 4. Information concerning security plans and specific assessment components of school safety audits, as provided in § 22.1-279.8.

Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the effectiveness of security plans after (i) any school building or property has been subjected to fire, explosion, natural disaster, or other catastrophic event or (ii) any person on school property has suffered or been threatened with any personal injury.

- 5. Information concerning the mental health assessment of an individual subject to commitment as a sexually violent predator under Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2 held by the Commitment Review Committee; except that in no case shall information identifying the victims of a sexually violent predator be disclosed.
- 6. Subscriber data provided directly or indirectly by a communications services provider to a public body that operates a 911 or E-911 emergency dispatch system or an emergency notification or reverse 911 system if the data is in a form not made available by the communications services provider to the public generally. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of subscriber data generated in connection with specific calls to a 911 emergency system, where the requester is seeking to obtain public records about the use of the system in response to a specific crime, emergency or other event as to which a citizen has initiated a 911 call.

For the purposes of this subdivision:

"Communications services provider" means the same as that term is defined in § 58.1-647.

- "Subscriber data" means the name, address, telephone number, and any other information identifying a subscriber of a communications services provider.
- 7. Subscriber data collected by a local governing body in accordance with the Enhanced Public Safety Telephone Services Act (§ 56-484.12 et seq.) and other identifying information of a personal, medical, or financial nature provided to a local governing body in connection with a 911 or E-911 emergency dispatch system or an emergency notification or reverse 911 system if such records are not otherwise publicly available.

Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of subscriber data generated in connection with specific calls to a 911 emergency system, where the requester is seeking to

obtain public records about the use of the system in response to a specific crime, emergency or other event as to which a citizen has initiated a 911 call.

For the purposes of this subdivision:

"Communications services provider" means the same as that term is defined in § 58.1-647.

"Subscriber data" means the name, address, telephone number, and any other information identifying a subscriber of a communications services provider.

8. Information held by the Virginia Military Advisory Council or any commission created by executive order for the purpose of studying and making recommendations regarding preventing closure or realignment of federal military and national security installations and facilities located in Virginia and relocation of such facilities to Virginia, or a local or regional military affairs organization appointed by a local governing body, that would (i) reveal strategies under consideration or development by the Council or such commission or organizations to prevent the closure or realignment of federal military installations located in Virginia or the relocation of national security facilities located in Virginia, to limit the adverse economic effect of such realignment, closure, or relocation, or to seek additional tenant activity growth from the Department of Defense or federal government or (ii) disclose trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), provided to the Council or such commission or organizations in connection with their work.

In order to invoke the trade secret protection provided by clause (ii), the submitting entity shall, in writing and at the time of submission (a) invoke this exclusion, (b) identify with specificity the information for which such protection is sought, and (c) state the reason why such protection is necessary. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of all or part of any record, other than a trade secret that has been specifically identified as required by this subdivision, after the Department of Defense or federal agency has issued a final, unappealable decision, or in the event of litigation, a court of competent jurisdiction has entered a final, unappealable order concerning the closure, realignment, or expansion of the military installation or tenant activities, or the relocation of the national security facility, for which records are sought.

- 9. Information, as determined by the State Comptroller, that describes the design, function, operation, or implementation of internal controls over the Commonwealth's financial processes and systems, and the assessment of risks and vulnerabilities of those controls, including the annual assessment of internal controls mandated by the State Comptroller, if disclosure of such information would jeopardize the security of the Commonwealth's financial assets. However, records relating to the investigation of and findings concerning the soundness of any fiscal process shall be disclosed in a form that does not compromise internal controls. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the Auditor of Public Accounts or the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission from reporting internal control deficiencies discovered during the course of an audit.
- 10. Information relating to the Statewide Agencies Radio System (STARS) or any other similar local or regional public safety communications system that (i) describes the design, function, programming, operation, or access control features of the overall system, components, structures, individual networks, and subsystems of the STARS or any other similar local or regional communications system or (ii) relates to radio frequencies assigned to or utilized by

STARS or any other similar local or regional communications system, code plugs, circuit routing, addressing schemes, talk groups, fleet maps, encryption, or programming maintained by or utilized by STARS or any other similar local or regional public safety communications system.

- 11. Information concerning a salaried or volunteer Fire/EMS company or Fire/EMS department if disclosure of such information would reveal the telephone numbers for cellular telephones, pagers, or comparable portable communication devices provided to its personnel for use in the performance of their official duties.
- 12. Information concerning the disaster recovery plans or the evacuation plans in the event of fire, explosion, natural disaster, or other catastrophic event for hospitals and nursing homes regulated by the Board of Health pursuant to Chapter 5 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of Title 32.1 provided to the Department of Health. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the effectiveness of executed evacuation plans after the occurrence of fire, explosion, natural disaster, or other catastrophic event.
- 13. Records received by the Department of Criminal Justice Services pursuant to §§ 9.1-184, 22.1-79.4, and 22.1-279.8 or for purposes of evaluating threat assessment teams established by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805 or by a private nonprofit institution of higher education, to the extent such records reveal security plans, walk-through checklists, or vulnerability and threat assessment components.
- 14. Information contained in (i) engineering, architectural, or construction drawings; (ii) operational, procedural, tactical planning, or training manuals; (iii) staff meeting minutes; or (iv) other records that reveal any of the following, the disclosure of which would jeopardize the safety or security of any person; governmental facility, building, or structure or persons using such facility, building, or structure; or public or private commercial office, multifamily residential, or retail building or its occupants:
- a. Critical infrastructure information or the location or operation of security equipment and systems of any public building, structure, or information storage facility, including ventilation systems, fire protection equipment, mandatory building emergency equipment or systems, elevators, electrical systems, telecommunications equipment and systems, or utility equipment and systems;
- b. Vulnerability assessments, information not lawfully available to the public regarding specific cybersecurity threats or vulnerabilities, or security plans and measures of an entity, facility, building structure, information technology system, or software program;
- c. Surveillance techniques, personnel deployments, alarm or security systems or technologies, or operational or transportation plans or protocols; or
- d. Interconnectivity, network monitoring, network operation centers, master sites, or systems related to the Statewide Agencies Radio System (STARS) or any other similar local or regional public safety communications system.

The same categories of records of any person or entity submitted to a public body for the purpose of antiterrorism response planning or cybersecurity planning or protection may be withheld from disclosure if such person or entity in writing (a) invokes the protections of this subdivision, (b) identifies with specificity the records or portions thereof for which protection is sought, and (c) states with reasonable particularity why the protection of such records from public disclosure is

necessary to meet the objective of antiterrorism, cybersecurity planning or protection, or critical infrastructure information security and resilience. Such statement shall be a public record and shall be disclosed upon request.

Any public body receiving a request for records excluded under clauses (a) and (b) of this subdivision 14 shall notify the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security or his designee of such request and the response made by the public body in accordance with § 2.2-3704.

Nothing in this subdivision 14 shall prevent the disclosure of records relating to (1) the structural or environmental soundness of any such facility, building, or structure or (2) an inquiry into the performance of such facility, building, or structure after it has been subjected to fire, explosion, natural disaster, or other catastrophic event.

As used in this subdivision, "critical infrastructure information" means the same as that term is defined in 6 U.S.C. § 131.

15. Information held by the Virginia Commercial Space Flight Authority that is categorized as classified or sensitive but unclassified, including national security, defense, and foreign policy information, provided that such information is exempt under the federal Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 552.

1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, § 2.2-3705;2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003, cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, cc. 398, 482, 690, 770;2005, c. 410;2008, c. 721;2009, c. 418;2010, c. 672;2011, cc. 111, 536;2012, cc. 617, 803, 835;2013, c. 600; 2015, c. 183;2016, cc. 554, 620, 716, 717;2017, c. 778;2018, cc. 52, 741.

§ 2.2-3705.3. Exclusions to application of chapter; records relating to administrative investigations.

The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

- 1. Information relating to investigations of applicants for licenses and permits, and of all licensees and permittees, made by or submitted to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority, the Virginia Lottery, the Virginia Racing Commission, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services relating to investigations and applications pursuant to Article 1.1:1 (§ 18.2-340.15 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 18.2, or the Private Security Services Unit of the Department of Criminal Justice Services.
- 2. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Health Professions or by any health regulatory board in the Commonwealth pursuant to § 54.1-108.
- 3. Investigator notes, and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with respect to an active investigation of individual employment discrimination complaints made to the Department of Human Resource Management, to such personnel of any local public body, including local school boards, as are responsible for conducting such investigations in confidence, or to any public institution of higher education. However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of information taken from inactive reports in a form that does not

reveal the identity of charging parties, persons supplying the information, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

- 4. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Medical Assistance Services pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 32.1-323 et seq.) of Title 32.1.
- 5. Investigative notes and other correspondence and information furnished in confidence with respect to an investigation or conciliation process involving an alleged unlawful discriminatory practice under the Virginia Human Rights Act (§ 2.2-3900 et seq.) or under any local ordinance adopted in accordance with the authority specified in § 2.2-524, or adopted pursuant to § 15.2-965, or adopted prior to July 1, 1987, in accordance with applicable law, relating to local human rights or human relations commissions. However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the distribution of information taken from inactive reports in a form that does not reveal the identity of the parties involved or other persons supplying information.
- 6. Information relating to studies and investigations by the Virginia Lottery of (i) lottery agents, (ii) lottery vendors, (iii) lottery crimes under §§ 58.1-4014 through 58.1-4018, (iv) defects in the law or regulations that cause abuses in the administration and operation of the lottery and any evasions of such provisions, or (v) the use of the lottery as a subterfuge for organized crime and illegal gambling where such information has not been publicly released, published or copyrighted. All studies and investigations referred to under clauses (iii), (iv), and (v) shall be open to inspection and copying upon completion of the study or investigation.
- 7. Investigative notes, correspondence and information furnished in confidence, and records otherwise exempted by this chapter or any Virginia statute, provided to or produced by or for (i) the Auditor of Public Accounts; (ii) the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission; (iii) an appropriate authority as defined in § 2.2-3010 with respect to an allegation of wrongdoing or abuse under the Fraud and Abuse Whistle Blower Protection Act (§ 2.2-3009 et seq.); (iv) the Office of the State Inspector General with respect to an investigation initiated through the Fraud, Waste and Abuse Hotline or an investigation initiated pursuant to Chapter 3.2 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.); (v) internal auditors appointed by the head of a state agency or by any public institution of higher education; (vi) the committee or the auditor with respect to an investigation or audit conducted pursuant to § 15.2-825; or (vii) the auditors, appointed by the local governing body of any county, city, or town or a school board, who by charter, ordinance, or statute have responsibility for conducting an investigation of any officer, department, or program of such body. Information contained in completed investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal the identity of the complainants or persons supplying information to investigators. Unless disclosure is excluded by this subdivision, the information disclosed shall include the agency involved, the identity of the person who is the subject of the complaint, the nature of the complaint, and the actions taken to resolve the complaint. If an investigation does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person who is the subject of the complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. Local governing bodies shall adopt guidelines to govern the disclosure required by this subdivision.
- 8. The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of complainants furnished in confidence with respect to an investigation of individual zoning enforcement complaints or complaints relating to the Uniform Statewide Building Code (§ 36-97 et seq.) or the Statewide Fire Prevention Code (§ 27-94 et seq.) made to a local governing body.
- 9. Records of active investigations being conducted by the Department of Criminal Justice

Services pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.), Article 4.1 (§ 9.1-150.1 et seq.), Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.), and Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1.

- 10. Information furnished to or prepared by the Board of Education pursuant to subsection D of § 22.1-253.13:3 in connection with the review or investigation of any alleged breach in security, unauthorized alteration, or improper administration of tests by local school board employees responsible for the distribution or administration of the tests. However, this section shall not prohibit the disclosure of such information to (i) a local school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting such board or superintendent to consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee or (ii) any requester, after the conclusion of a review or investigation, in a form that (a) does not reveal the identity of any person making a complaint or supplying information to the Board on a confidential basis and (b) does not compromise the security of any test mandated by the Board.
- 11. Information contained in (i) an application for licensure or renewal of a license for teachers and other school personnel, including transcripts or other documents submitted in support of an application, and (ii) an active investigation conducted by or for the Board of Education related to the denial, suspension, cancellation, revocation, or reinstatement of teacher and other school personnel licenses including investigator notes and other correspondence and information, furnished in confidence with respect to such investigation. However, this subdivision shall not prohibit the disclosure of such (a) application information to the applicant at his own expense or (b) investigation information to a local school board or division superintendent for the purpose of permitting such board or superintendent to consider or to take personnel action with regard to an employee. Information contained in completed investigations shall be disclosed in a form that does not reveal the identity of any complainant or person supplying information to investigators. The completed investigation information disclosed shall include information regarding the school or facility involved, the identity of the person who was the subject of the complaint, the nature of the complaint, and the actions taken to resolve the complaint. If an investigation fails to support a complaint or does not lead to corrective action, the identity of the person who was the subject of the complaint may be released only with the consent of the subject person. No personally identifiable information regarding a current or former student shall be released except as permitted by state or federal law.
- 12. Information provided in confidence and related to an investigation by the Attorney General under Article 1 (§ 3.2-4200 et seq.) or Article 3 (§ 3.2-4204 et seq.) of Chapter 42 of Title 3.2, Article 10 (§ 18.2-246.6 et seq.) of Chapter 6 or Chapter 13 (§ 18.2-512 et seq.) of Title 18.2, or Article 1 (§ 58.1-1000) of Chapter 10 of Title 58.1. However, information related to an investigation that has been inactive for more than six months shall, upon request, be disclosed provided such disclosure is not otherwise prohibited by law and does not reveal the identity of charging parties, complainants, persons supplying information, witnesses, or other individuals involved in the investigation.

1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, § 2.2-3705;2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003, cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, cc. 605, 690, 766;2005, c. 601; 2006, cc. 25, 95;2008, cc. 387, 668, 689, 758;2009, cc. 237, 326, 340;2011, cc. 798, 871;2012, cc. 476, 507, 803, 835;2013, cc. 571, 572, 690, 717, 723;2014, cc. 225, 414, 609, 788;2015, cc. 38, 730; 2016, cc. 272, 620, 716;2017, c. 778.

§ 2.2-3705.4. Exclusions to application of chapter; educational records and certain records of educational institutions.

A. The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except as provided in subsection B or where such disclosure is otherwise prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

1. Scholastic records containing information concerning identifiable individuals, except that such access shall not be denied to the person who is the subject thereof, or the parent or legal guardian of the student. However, no student shall have access to (i) financial records of a parent or guardian or (ii) records of instructional, supervisory, and administrative personnel and educational personnel ancillary thereto, that are in the sole possession of the maker thereof and that are not accessible or revealed to any other person except a substitute.

The parent or legal guardian of a student may prohibit, by written request, the release of any individual information regarding that student until the student reaches the age of 18 years. For scholastic records of students under the age of 18 years, the right of access may be asserted only by his legal guardian or parent, including a noncustodial parent, unless such parent's parental rights have been terminated or a court of competent jurisdiction has restricted or denied such access. For scholastic records of students who are emancipated or attending a public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth, the right of access may be asserted by the student.

Any person who is the subject of any scholastic record and who is 18 years of age or older may waive, in writing, the protections afforded by this subdivision. If the protections are so waived, such records shall be disclosed.

- 2. Confidential letters and statements of recommendation placed in the records of educational agencies or institutions respecting (i) admission to any educational agency or institution, (ii) an application for employment or promotion, or (iii) receipt of an honor or honorary recognition.
- 3. Information held by the Brown v. Board of Education Scholarship Committee that would reveal personally identifiable information, including scholarship applications, personal financial information, and confidential correspondence and letters of recommendation.
- 4. Information of a proprietary nature produced or collected by or for faculty or staff of public institutions of higher education, other than the institutions' financial or administrative records, in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, scientific, technical or scholarly issues, whether sponsored by the institution alone or in conjunction with a governmental body or a private concern, where such information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted or patented.
- 5. Information held by the University of Virginia or the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, that contain proprietary, business-related information pertaining to the operations of the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, including business development or marketing strategies and activities with existing or future joint venturers, partners, or other parties with whom the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, has formed, or forms, any arrangement for the delivery of health care, if disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive position of the University of Virginia

1/14/2019

Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be.

6. Personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, provided to the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan or its employees by or on behalf of individuals who have requested information about, applied for, or entered into prepaid tuition contracts or savings trust account agreements pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1, including personal information related to (i) qualified beneficiaries as that term is defined in § 23.1-700, (ii) designated survivors, or (iii) authorized individuals. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent disclosure or publication of information in a statistical or other form that does not identify individuals or provide personal information. Individuals shall be provided access to their own personal information.

For purposes of this subdivision:

"Authorized individual" means an individual who may be named by the account owner to receive information regarding the account but who does not have any control or authority over the account.

"Designated survivor" means the person who will assume account ownership in the event of the account owner's death.

- 7. Information maintained in connection with fundraising activities by or for a public institution of higher education that would reveal (i) personal fundraising strategies relating to identifiable donors or prospective donors or (ii) wealth assessments; estate, financial, or tax planning information; health-related information; employment, familial, or marital status information; electronic mail addresses, facsimile or telephone numbers; birth dates or social security numbers of identifiable donors or prospective donors. Nothing in this subdivision, however, shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the amount, date, purpose, and terms of the pledge or donation, or the identity of the donor unless the donor has requested anonymity in connection with or as a condition of making a pledge or donation. The exclusion provided by this subdivision shall not apply to protect from disclosure (i) the identities of sponsors providing grants to or contracting with the institution for the performance of research services or other work or (ii) the terms and conditions of such grants or contracts.
- 8. Information held by a threat assessment team established by a local school board pursuant to § 22.1-79.4 or by a public institution of higher education pursuant to § 23.1-805 relating to the assessment or intervention with a specific individual. However, in the event an individual who has been under assessment commits an act, or is prosecuted for the commission of an act that has caused the death of, or caused serious bodily injury, including any felony sexual assault, to another person, such information of the threat assessment team concerning the individual under assessment shall be made available as provided by this chapter, with the exception of any criminal history records obtained pursuant to § 19.2-389 or 19.2-389.1, health records obtained pursuant to § 32.1-127.1:03, or scholastic records as defined in § 22.1-289. The public body providing such information shall remove personally identifying information of any person who provided information to the threat assessment team under a promise of confidentiality.
- B. The custodian of a scholastic record shall not release the address, phone number, or email address of a student in response to a request made under this chapter without written consent. For any student who is (i) 18 years of age or older, (ii) under the age of 18 and emancipated, or (iii) attending an institution of higher education, written consent of the student shall be

required. For any other student, written consent of the parent or legal guardian of such student shall be required.

1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, § 2.2-3705;2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003, cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, c. 690;2006, c. 518;2008, cc. 561, 665;2010, cc. 456, 524;2014, c. 313;2016, cc. 554, 620, 716;2017, c. 778;2018, c. 756.

§ 2.2-3705.5. Exclusions to application of chapter; health and social services records.

The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

1. Health records, except that such records may be personally reviewed by the individual who is the subject of such records, as provided in subsection F of § 32.1-127.1:03.

Where the person who is the subject of health records is confined in a state or local correctional facility, the administrator or chief medical officer of such facility may assert such confined person's right of access to the health records if the administrator or chief medical officer has reasonable cause to believe that such confined person has an infectious disease or other medical condition from which other persons so confined need to be protected. Health records shall only be reviewed and shall not be copied by such administrator or chief medical officer. The information in the health records of a person so confined shall continue to be confidential and shall not be disclosed by the administrator or chief medical officer of the facility to any person except the subject or except as provided by law.

Where the person who is the subject of health records is under the age of 18, his right of access may be asserted only by his guardian or his parent, including a noncustodial parent, unless such parent's parental rights have been terminated, a court of competent jurisdiction has restricted or denied such access, or a parent has been denied access to the health record in accordance with § 20-124.6. In instances where the person who is the subject thereof is an emancipated minor, a student in a public institution of higher education, or is a minor who has consented to his own treatment as authorized by § 16.1-338 or 54.1-2969, the right of access may be asserted by the subject person.

For the purposes of this chapter, statistical summaries of incidents and statistical data concerning abuse of individuals receiving services compiled by the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services shall be disclosed. No such summaries or data shall include any information that identifies specific individuals receiving services.

2. Applications for admission to examinations or for licensure and scoring records maintained by the Department of Health Professions or any board in that department on individual licensees or applicants; information required to be provided to the Department of Health Professions by certain licensees pursuant to § 54.1-2506.1; information held by the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee within the Department of Health Professions that identifies any practitioner who may be, or who is actually, impaired to the extent that disclosure is prohibited by § 54.1-2517; and information relating to the prescribing and dispensing of covered substances to recipients and any abstracts from such information that are in the possession of the

- Prescription Monitoring Program (Program) pursuant to Chapter 25.2 (§ 54.1-2519 et seq.) of Title 54.1 and any material relating to the operation or security of the Program.
- 3. Reports, documentary evidence, and other information as specified in §§ 51.5-122 and 51.5-141 and Chapter 1 (§ 63.2-100 et seq.) of Title 63.2 and information and statistical registries required to be kept confidential pursuant to Chapter 1 (§ 63.2-100 et seq.) of Title 63.2.
- 4. Investigative notes; proprietary information not published, copyrighted or patented; information obtained from employee personnel records; personally identifiable information regarding residents, clients or other recipients of services; other correspondence and information furnished in confidence to the Department of Social Services in connection with an active investigation of an applicant or licensee pursuant to Chapters 17 (§ 63.2-1700 et seq.) and 18 (§ 63.2-1800 et seq.) of Title 63.2; and information furnished to the Office of the Attorney General in connection with an investigation or litigation pursuant to Article 19.1 (§ 8.01-216.1 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 8.01 and Chapter 9 (§ 32.1-310 et seq.) of Title 32.1. However, nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the disclosure of information from the records of completed investigations in a form that does not reveal the identity of complainants, persons supplying information, or other individuals involved in the investigation.
- 5. Information collected for the designation and verification of trauma centers and other specialty care centers within the Statewide Emergency Medical Services System and Services pursuant to Article 2.1 (§ 32.1-111.1 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 32.1.
- 6. Reports and court documents relating to involuntary admission required to be kept confidential pursuant to § 37.2-818.
- 7. Information acquired (i) during a review of any child death conducted by the State Child Fatality Review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1 or by a local or regional child fatality review team to the extent that such information is made confidential by § 32.1-283.2;(ii) during a review of any death conducted by a family violence fatality review team to the extent that such information is made confidential by § 32.1-283.3;(iii) during a review of any adult death conducted by the Adult Fatality Review Team to the extent made confidential by § 32.1-283.5 or by a local or regional adult fatality review team to the extent that such information is made confidential by § 32.1-283.6;or (iv) by a local or regional overdose fatality review team to the extent that such information is made confidential by § 32.1-283.7.
- 8. Patient level data collected by the Board of Health and not yet processed, verified, and released, pursuant to § 32.1-276.9, to the Board by the nonprofit organization with which the Commissioner of Health has contracted pursuant to § 32.1-276.4.
- 9. Information relating to a grant application, or accompanying a grant application, submitted to the Commonwealth Neurotrauma Initiative Advisory Board pursuant to Article 12 (§ 51.5-178 et seq.) of Chapter 14 of Title 51.5 that would (i) reveal (a) medical or mental health records or other data identifying individual patients or (b) proprietary business or research-related information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, or scholarly issues, when such information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, and (ii) be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant.
- 10. Any information copied, recorded, or received by the Commissioner of Health in the course of an examination, investigation, or review of a managed care health insurance plan licensee

pursuant to §§ 32.1-137.4 and 32.1-137.5, including books, records, files, accounts, papers, documents, and any or all computer or other recordings.

- 11. Records of the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Program required to be kept confidential pursuant to § 38.2-5002.2.
- 12. Information held by the State Health Commissioner relating to the health of any person subject to an order of quarantine or an order of isolation pursuant to Article 3.02 (§ 32.1-48.05 et seq.) of Chapter 2 of Title 32.1. However, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of statistical summaries, abstracts, or other information in aggregate form.
- 13. The names and addresses or other contact information of persons receiving transportation services from a state or local public body or its designee under Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, (42 U.S.C. § 12131 et seq.) or funded by Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) created under § 63.2-600.
- 14. Information held by certain health care committees and entities that may be withheld from discovery as privileged communications pursuant to § 8.01-581.17.
- 15. Data and information specified in § 37.2-308.01 relating to proceedings provided for in Article 16 (§ 16.1-335 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 16.1 and Chapter 8 (§ 37.2-800 et seq.) of Title 37.2.
- 16. Records of and information held by the Emergency Department Care Coordination Program required to be kept confidential pursuant to § 32.1-372.

1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, § 2.2-3705;2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003, cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, cc. 65, 666, 690, 773, 1014, 1021;2005, cc. 181, 227, 716;2008, c. 539;2009, cc. 472, 813, 840;2011, cc. 110, 175, 535;2012, cc. 476, 479, 507, 803, 835;2015, cc. 22, 108, 127;2016, cc. 620, 716;2017, cc. 188, 475, 600, 719, 778; 2018, c. 600.

§ 2.2-3705.6. Exclusions to application of chapter; proprietary records and trade secrets.

The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

- 1. Proprietary information gathered by or for the Virginia Port Authority as provided in § 62.1-132.4 or 62.1-134.1.
- 2. Financial statements not publicly available filed with applications for industrial development financings in accordance with Chapter 49 (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.) of Title 15.2.
- 3. Proprietary information, voluntarily provided by private business pursuant to a promise of confidentiality from a public body, used by the public body for business, trade, and tourism development or retention; and memoranda, working papers, or other information related to businesses that are considering locating or expanding in Virginia, prepared by a public body, where competition or bargaining is involved and where disclosure of such information would

adversely affect the financial interest of the public body.

- 4. Information that was filed as confidential under the Toxic Substances Information Act (§ 32.1-239 et seq.), as such Act existed prior to July 1, 1992.
- 5. Fisheries data that would permit identification of any person or vessel, except when required by court order as specified in § 28.2-204.
- 6. Confidential financial statements, balance sheets, trade secrets, and revenue and cost projections provided to the Department of Rail and Public Transportation, provided such information is exempt under the federal Freedom of Information Act or the federal Interstate Commerce Act or other laws administered by the Surface Transportation Board or the Federal Railroad Administration with respect to data provided in confidence to the Surface Transportation Board and the Federal Railroad Administration.
- 7. Proprietary information related to inventory and sales, voluntarily provided by private energy suppliers to the Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy, used by that Department for energy contingency planning purposes or for developing consolidated statistical information on energy supplies.
- 8. Confidential proprietary information furnished to the Board of Medical Assistance Services or the Medicaid Prior Authorization Advisory Committee pursuant to Article 4 (§ 32.1-331.12 et seq.) of Chapter 10 of Title 32.1.
- 9. Proprietary, commercial or financial information, balance sheets, trade secrets, and revenue and cost projections provided by a private transportation business to the Virginia Department of Transportation and the Department of Rail and Public Transportation for the purpose of conducting transportation studies needed to obtain grants or other financial assistance under the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (P.L. 105-178) for transportation projects if disclosure of such information is exempt under the federal Freedom of Information Act or the federal Interstate Commerce Act or other laws administered by the Surface Transportation Board or the Federal Railroad Administration with respect to data provided in confidence to the Surface Transportation Board and the Federal Railroad Administration. However, the exclusion provided by this subdivision shall not apply to any wholly owned subsidiary of a public body.
- 10. Confidential information designated as provided in subsection F of § 2.2-4342 as trade secrets or proprietary information by any person in connection with a procurement transaction or by any person who has submitted to a public body an application for prequalification to bid on public construction projects in accordance with subsection B of § 2.2-4317.
- 11. a. Memoranda, staff evaluations, or other information prepared by the responsible public entity, its staff, outside advisors, or consultants exclusively for the evaluation and negotiation of proposals filed under the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) or the Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002 (§ 56-575.1 et seq.) where (i) if such information was made public prior to or after the execution of an interim or a comprehensive agreement, § 33.2-1820 or 56-575.17 notwithstanding, the financial interest or bargaining position of the public entity would be adversely affected and (ii) the basis for the determination required in clause (i) is documented in writing by the responsible public entity; and
- b. Information provided by a private entity to a responsible public entity, affected jurisdiction, or

affected local jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) or the Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002 (§ 56-575.1 et seq.) if disclosure of such information would reveal (i) trade secrets of the private entity as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.); (ii) financial information of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (iii) other information submitted by the private entity where if such information was made public prior to the execution of an interim agreement or a comprehensive agreement, the financial interest or bargaining position of the public or private entity would be adversely affected. In order for the information specified in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the private entity shall make a written request to the responsible public entity:

- (1) Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- (2) Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- (3) Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The responsible public entity shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial information of the private entity. To protect other information submitted by the private entity from disclosure, the responsible public entity shall determine whether public disclosure prior to the execution of an interim agreement or a comprehensive agreement would adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the public or private entity. The responsible public entity shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by the responsible public entity under this subdivision. Once a written determination is made by the responsible public entity, the information afforded protection under this subdivision shall continue to be protected from disclosure when in the possession of any affected jurisdiction or affected local jurisdiction.

Except as specifically provided in subdivision 11 a, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to authorize the withholding of (a) procurement records as required by § 33.2-1820 or 56-575.17; (b) information concerning the terms and conditions of any interim or comprehensive agreement, service contract, lease, partnership, or any agreement of any kind entered into by the responsible public entity and the private entity; (c) information concerning the terms and conditions of any financing arrangement that involves the use of any public funds; or (d) information concerning the performance of any private entity developing or operating a qualifying transportation facility or a qualifying project.

For the purposes of this subdivision, the terms "affected jurisdiction," "affected local jurisdiction," "comprehensive agreement," "interim agreement," "qualifying project," "qualifying transportation facility," "responsible public entity," and "private entity" shall mean the same as those terms are defined in the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) or in the Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002 (§ 56-575.1 et seq.).

12. Confidential proprietary information or trade secrets, not publicly available, provided by a private person or entity pursuant to a promise of confidentiality to the Virginia Resources Authority or to a fund administered in connection with financial assistance rendered or to be rendered by the Virginia Resources Authority where, if such information were made public, the financial interest of the private person or entity would be adversely affected.

13. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), or confidential proprietary information that is not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, provided by a (i) bidder or applicant for a franchise or (ii) franchisee under Chapter 21 (§ 15.2-2100 et seq.) of Title 15.2 to the applicable franchising authority pursuant to a promise of confidentiality from the franchising authority, to the extent the information relates to the bidder's, applicant's, or franchisee's financial capacity or provision of new services, adoption of new technologies or implementation of improvements, where such new services, technologies, or improvements have not been implemented by the franchisee on a nonexperimental scale in the franchise area, and where, if such information were made public, the competitive advantage or financial interests of the franchisee would be adversely affected.

In order for trade secrets or confidential proprietary information to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the bidder, applicant, or franchisee shall (a) invoke such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought, (b) identify the data or other materials for which protection is sought, and (c) state the reason why protection is necessary.

No bidder, applicant, or franchisee may invoke the exclusion provided by this subdivision if the bidder, applicant, or franchisee is owned or controlled by a public body or if any representative of the applicable franchising authority serves on the management board or as an officer of the bidder, applicant, or franchisee.

- 14. Information of a proprietary or confidential nature furnished by a supplier or manufacturer of charitable gaming supplies to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (i) pursuant to subsection E of § 18.2-340.34 and (ii) pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Charitable Gaming Board related to approval of electronic and mechanical equipment.
- 15. Information related to Virginia apple producer sales provided to the Virginia State Apple Board pursuant to § 3.2-1215.
- 16. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.) of Title 59.1, submitted by CMRS providers as defined in § 56-484.12 to the former Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery Subcommittee created pursuant to former § 56-484.15, relating to the provision of wireless E-911 service.
- 17. Information relating to a grant or loan application, or accompanying a grant or loan application, to the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority pursuant to Article 3 (§ 2.2-2233.1 et seq.) of Chapter 22 of Title 2.2 or to the Commonwealth Health Research Board pursuant to Chapter 5.3 (§ 32.1-162.23 et seq.) of Title 32.1 if disclosure of such information would (i) reveal proprietary business or research-related information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, and (ii) be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant.
- 18. Confidential proprietary information and trade secrets developed and held by a local public body (i) providing telecommunication services pursuant to § 56-265.4:4 and (ii) providing cable television services pursuant to Article 1.1 (§ 15.2-2108.2 et seq.) of Chapter 21 of Title 15.2 if disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive position of the locality.

In order for confidential proprietary information or trade secrets to be excluded from the

provisions of this chapter, the locality in writing shall (a) invoke the protections of this subdivision, (b) identify with specificity the information for which protection is sought, and (c) state the reasons why protection is necessary. However, the exemption provided by this subdivision shall not apply to any authority created pursuant to the BVU Authority Act (§ 15.2-7200 et seq.).

- 19. Confidential proprietary information and trade secrets developed by or for a local authority created in accordance with the Virginia Wireless Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) to provide qualifying communications services as authorized by Article 5.1 (§ 56-484.7:1 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 56, where disclosure of such information would be harmful to the competitive position of the authority, except that information required to be maintained in accordance with § 15.2-2160 shall be released.
- 20. Trade secrets as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.) or financial information of a business, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, provided to the Department of Small Business and Supplier Diversity as part of an application for certification as a small, women-owned, or minority-owned business in accordance with Chapter 16.1 (§ 2.2-1603 et seq.). In order for such trade secrets or financial information to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the business shall (i) invoke such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought, (ii) identify the data or other materials for which protection is sought, and (iii) state the reasons why protection is necessary.
- 21. Information of a proprietary or confidential nature disclosed by a carrier to the State Health Commissioner pursuant to §§ 32.1-276.5:1 and 32.1-276.7:1.
- 22. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), including, but not limited to, financial information, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, and revenue and cost projections supplied by a private or nongovernmental entity to the State Inspector General for the purpose of an audit, special investigation, or any study requested by the Office of the State Inspector General in accordance with law.

In order for the information specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the private or nongovernmental entity shall make a written request to the State Inspector General:

- a. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- b. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- c. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The State Inspector General shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial information of the private entity. The State Inspector General shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it under this subdivision.

23. Information relating to a grant application, or accompanying a grant application, submitted to the Tobacco Region Revitalization Commission that would (i) reveal (a) trade secrets as

defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), (b) financial information of a grant applicant that is not a public body, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, or (c) research-related information produced or collected by the applicant in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, and (ii) be harmful to the competitive position of the applicant; and memoranda, staff evaluations, or other information prepared by the Commission or its staff exclusively for the evaluation of grant applications. The exclusion provided by this subdivision shall apply to grants that are consistent with the powers of and in furtherance of the performance of the duties of the Commission pursuant to § 3.2-3103.

In order for the information specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall make a written request to the Commission:

- a. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- b. Identifying with specificity the data, information or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- c. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The Commission shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets, financial information, or research-related information of the applicant. The Commission shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it under this subdivision.

- 24. a. Information held by the Commercial Space Flight Authority relating to rate structures or charges for the use of projects of, the sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority if disclosure of such information would adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or a private entity providing the information to the Authority; or
- b. Information provided by a private entity to the Commercial Space Flight Authority if disclosure of such information would (i) reveal (a) trade secrets of the private entity as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.); (b) financial information of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (c) other information submitted by the private entity and (ii) adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or private entity.

In order for the information specified in clauses (a), (b), and (c) of subdivision 24 b to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the private entity shall make a written request to the Authority:

- (1) Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- (2) Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and

26

(3) Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The Authority shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial information of the private entity. To protect other information submitted by the private entity from disclosure, the Authority shall determine whether public disclosure would adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the Authority or private entity. The Authority shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it under this subdivision.

- 25. Information of a proprietary nature furnished by an agricultural landowner or operator to the Department of Conservation and Recreation, the Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or any political subdivision, agency, or board of the Commonwealth pursuant to §§ 10.1-104.7, 10.1-104.8, and 10.1-104.9, other than when required as part of a state or federal regulatory enforcement action.
- 26. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), provided to the Department of Environmental Quality pursuant to the provisions of § 10.1-1458. In order for such trade secrets to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the submitting party shall (i) invoke this exclusion upon submission of the data or materials for which protection from disclosure is sought, (ii) identify the data or materials for which protection is sought, and (iii) state the reasons why protection is necessary.
- 27. Information of a proprietary nature furnished by a licensed public-use airport to the Department of Aviation for funding from programs administered by the Department of Aviation or the Virginia Aviation Board, where if such information was made public, the financial interest of the public-use airport would be adversely affected.

In order for the information specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the public-use airport shall make a written request to the Department of Aviation:

- a. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- b. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- c. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.
- 28. Information relating to a grant or loan application, or accompanying a grant or loan application, submitted to the Virginia Research Investment Committee established pursuant to Article 8 (§ 23.1-3130 et seq.) of Chapter 31 of Title 23.1, to the extent that such records would (i) reveal (a) trade secrets as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.); (b) financial information of a party to a grant or loan application that is not a public body, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (c) research-related information produced or collected by a party to the application in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, rehabilitative, scientific, technical, technological, or scholarly issues, when such information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented, and (ii) be harmful to the competitive position of a party to a grant or loan application; and memoranda, staff evaluations, or other information prepared by the Committee or its staff, or a reviewing entity pursuant to subsection D of § 23.1-3133, exclusively for the evaluation of grant or loan applications, including any scoring or prioritization documents prepared for and forwarded to the Committee pursuant to subsection D of § 23.1-3133.

In order for the information submitted by the applicant and specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall make a written request to the Committee:

- a. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- b. Identifying with specificity the data, information, or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- c. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The Virginia Research Investment Committee shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets, financial information, or research-related information of the party to the application. The Committee shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it under this subdivision.

29. Proprietary information, voluntarily provided by a private business pursuant to a promise of confidentiality from a public body, used by the public body for a solar services agreement, where disclosure of such information would (i) reveal (a) trade secrets of the private business as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.); (b) financial information of the private business, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (c) other information submitted by the private business and (ii) adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the public body or private business.

In order for the information specified in clauses (i)(a), (b), and (c) to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the private business shall make a written request to the public body:

- a. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- b. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- c. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.
- 30. Information contained in engineering and construction drawings and plans submitted for the sole purpose of complying with the Building Code in obtaining a building permit if disclosure of such information would identify specific trade secrets or other information that would be harmful to the competitive position of the owner or lessee. However, such information shall be exempt only until the building is completed. Information relating to the safety or environmental soundness of any building shall not be exempt from disclosure.
- 31. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), including, but not limited to, financial information, including balance sheets and financial statements that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise, and revenue and cost projections supplied by a private or nongovernmental entity to the Virginia Department of Transportation for the purpose of an audit, special investigation, or any study requested by the Virginia Department of Transportation in accordance with law.

In order for the records specified in this subdivision to be excluded from the provisions of this

chapter, the private or nongovernmental entity shall make a written request to the Department:

- a. Invoking such exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- b. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- c. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The Virginia Department of Transportation shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect trade secrets or financial records of the private entity. The Virginia Department of Transportation shall make a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection to be afforded by it under this subdivision.

```
1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400
, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, §
2.2-3705;2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003,
cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, cc. 593, 690;2005, cc. 258, 411;
2006, cc. 73, 76, 467, 831, 921, 936;2006, Sp. Sess. I, c. 1;2007, cc. 374, 693;2008, cc. 71, 102, 266,
387, 633, 689, 736, 743;2009, cc. 246, 311, 325, 765, 810, 869;2010, cc. 310, 808;2011, cc. 541, 781
, 798, 871;2012, cc. 693, 709;2013, cc. 54, 482, 574;2015, cc. 696, 697;2016, cc. 620, 716, 724, 725,
775;2017, cc. 662, 737, 778, 796, 816;2018, cc. 470, 532, 533.
```

§ 2.2-3705.7. Exclusions to application of chapter; records of specific public bodies and certain other limited exclusions.

The following information contained in a public record is excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter but may be disclosed by the custodian in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law. Redaction of information excluded under this section from a public record shall be conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3704.01.

- 1. State income, business, and estate tax returns, personal property tax returns, and confidential records held pursuant to § 58.1-3.
- 2. Working papers and correspondence of the Office of the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, or the Attorney General; the members of the General Assembly, the Division of Legislative Services, or the Clerks of the House of Delegates or the Senate of Virginia; the mayor or chief executive officer of any political subdivision of the Commonwealth; or the president or other chief executive officer of any public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth. However, no information that is otherwise open to inspection under this chapter shall be deemed excluded by virtue of the fact that it has been attached to or incorporated within any working paper or correspondence. Further, information publicly available or not otherwise subject to an exclusion under this chapter or other provision of law that has been aggregated, combined, or changed in format without substantive analysis or revision shall not be deemed working papers. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to authorize the withholding of any resumes or applications submitted by persons who are appointed by the Governor pursuant to § 2.2-106 or 2.2-107.

As used in this subdivision:

"Members of the General Assembly" means each member of the Senate of Virginia and the House of Delegates and their legislative aides when working on behalf of such member.

"Office of the Governor" means the Governor; the Governor's chief of staff, counsel, director of

policy, and Cabinet Secretaries; the Assistant to the Governor for Intergovernmental Affairs; and those individuals to whom the Governor has delegated his authority pursuant to § 2.2-104.

- "Working papers" means those records prepared by or for a public official identified in this subdivision for his personal or deliberative use.
- 3. Information contained in library records that can be used to identify (i) both (a) any library patron who has borrowed material from a library and (b) the material such patron borrowed or (ii) any library patron under 18 years of age. For the purposes of clause (ii), access shall not be denied to the parent, including a noncustodial parent, or guardian of such library patron.
- 4. Contract cost estimates prepared for the confidential use of the Department of Transportation in awarding contracts for construction or the purchase of goods or services, and records and automated systems prepared for the Department's Bid Analysis and Monitoring Program.
- 5. Lists of registered owners of bonds issued by a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, whether the lists are maintained by the political subdivision itself or by a single fiduciary designated by the political subdivision.
- 6. Information furnished by a member of the General Assembly to a meeting of a standing committee, special committee, or subcommittee of his house established solely for the purpose of reviewing members' annual disclosure statements and supporting materials filed under § 30-110 or of formulating advisory opinions to members on standards of conduct, or both.
- 7. Customer account information of a public utility affiliated with a political subdivision of the Commonwealth, including the customer's name and service address, but excluding the amount of utility service provided and the amount of money charged or paid for such utility service.
- 8. Personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, (i) filed with the Virginia Housing Development Authority concerning individuals who have applied for or received loans or other housing assistance or who have applied for occupancy of or have occupied housing financed, owned or otherwise assisted by the Virginia Housing Development Authority; (ii) concerning persons participating in or persons on the waiting list for federally funded rent-assistance programs; (iii) filed with any local redevelopment and housing authority created pursuant to § 36-4 concerning persons participating in or persons on the waiting list for housing assistance programs funded by local governments or by any such authority; or (iv) filed with any local redevelopment and housing authority created pursuant to § 36-4 or any other local government agency concerning persons who have applied for occupancy or who have occupied affordable dwelling units established pursuant to § 15.2-2304 or 15.2-2305. However, access to one's own information shall not be denied.
- 9. Information regarding the siting of hazardous waste facilities, except as provided in § 10.1-1441, if disclosure of such information would have a detrimental effect upon the negotiating position of a governing body or on the establishment of the terms, conditions, and provisions of the siting agreement.
- 10. Information on the site-specific location of rare, threatened, endangered, or otherwise imperiled plant and animal species, natural communities, caves, and significant historic and archaeological sites if, in the opinion of the public body that has the responsibility for such information, disclosure of the information would jeopardize the continued existence or the integrity of the resource. This exclusion shall not apply to requests from the owner of the land

upon which the resource is located.

- 11. Memoranda, graphics, video or audio tapes, production models, data, and information of a proprietary nature produced by or for or collected by or for the Virginia Lottery relating to matters of a specific lottery game design, development, production, operation, ticket price, prize structure, manner of selecting the winning ticket, manner of payment of prizes to holders of winning tickets, frequency of drawings or selections of winning tickets, odds of winning, advertising, or marketing, where such information not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented. Whether released, published, or copyrighted, all game-related information shall be subject to public disclosure under this chapter upon the first day of sales for the specific lottery game to which it pertains.
- 12. Information held by the Virginia Retirement System, acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, or a local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, or by a local finance board or board of trustees of a trust established by one or more local public bodies to invest funds for postretirement benefits other than pensions, acting pursuant to Article 8 (§ 15.2-1544 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 15.2, or by the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, acting pursuant to § 23.1-2210, or by the board of visitors of The College of William and Mary in Virginia, acting pursuant to § 23.1-2803, or by the Virginia College Savings Plan, acting pursuant to § 23.1-704, relating to the acquisition, holding, or disposition of a security or other ownership interest in an entity, where such security or ownership interest is not traded on a governmentally regulated securities exchange, if disclosure of such information would (i) reveal confidential analyses prepared for the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, prepared for the board of visitors of The College of William and Mary in Virginia, prepared by the retirement system, a local finance board or board of trustees, or the Virginia College Savings Plan, or provided to the retirement system, a local finance board or board of trustees, or the Virginia College Savings Plan under a promise of confidentiality of the future value of such ownership interest or the future financial performance of the entity and (ii) have an adverse effect on the value of the investment to be acquired, held, or disposed of by the retirement system, a local finance board or board of trustees, the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, the board of visitors of The College of William and Mary in Virginia, or the Virginia College Savings Plan. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the identity of any investment held, the amount invested, or the present value of such investment.
- 13. Financial, medical, rehabilitative, and other personal information concerning applicants for or recipients of loan funds submitted to or maintained by the Assistive Technology Loan Fund Authority under Chapter 11 (§ 51.5-53 et seq.) of Title 51.5.
- 14. Information held by the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority pertaining to any of the following: an individual's qualifications for or continued membership on its medical or teaching staffs; proprietary information gathered by or in the possession of the Authority from third parties pursuant to a promise of confidentiality; contract cost estimates prepared for confidential use in awarding contracts for construction or the purchase of goods or services; information of a proprietary nature produced or collected by or for the Authority or members of its medical or teaching staffs; financial statements not publicly available that may be filed with the Authority from third parties; the identity, accounts, or account status of any customer of the Authority; consulting or other reports paid for by the Authority to assist the Authority in connection with its strategic planning and goals; the determination of marketing and operational strategies where disclosure of such strategies would be harmful to the

competitive position of the Authority; and information of a proprietary nature produced or collected by or for employees of the Authority, other than the Authority's financial or administrative records, in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on medical, scientific, technical, or scholarly issues, whether sponsored by the Authority alone or in conjunction with a governmental body or a private concern, when such information has not been publicly released, published, copyrighted, or patented. This exclusion shall also apply when such information is in the possession of Virginia Commonwealth University.

- 15. Information held by the Department of Environmental Quality, the State Water Control Board, the State Air Pollution Control Board, or the Virginia Waste Management Board relating to (i) active federal environmental enforcement actions that are considered confidential under federal law and (ii) enforcement strategies, including proposed sanctions for enforcement actions. Upon request, such information shall be disclosed after a proposed sanction resulting from the investigation has been proposed to the director of the agency. This subdivision shall not be construed to prevent the disclosure of information related to inspection reports, notices of violation, and documents detailing the nature of any environmental contamination that may have occurred or similar documents.
- 16. Information related to the operation of toll facilities that identifies an individual, vehicle, or travel itinerary, including vehicle identification data or vehicle enforcement system information; video or photographic images; Social Security or other identification numbers appearing on driver's licenses; credit card or bank account data; home addresses; phone numbers; or records of the date or time of toll facility use.
- 17. Information held by the Virginia Lottery pertaining to (i) the social security number, tax identification number, state sales tax number, home address and telephone number, personal and lottery banking account and transit numbers of a retailer, and financial information regarding the nonlottery operations of specific retail locations and (ii) individual lottery winners, except that a winner's name, hometown, and amount won shall be disclosed.
- 18. Information held by the Board for Branch Pilots relating to the chemical or drug testing of a person regulated by the Board, where such person has tested negative or has not been the subject of a disciplinary action by the Board for a positive test result.
- 19. Information pertaining to the planning, scheduling, and performance of examinations of holder records pursuant to the Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act (§ 55-210.1 et seq.) prepared by or for the State Treasurer or his agents or employees or persons employed to perform an audit or examination of holder records.
- 20. Information held by the Virginia Department of Emergency Management or a local governing body relating to citizen emergency response teams established pursuant to an ordinance of a local governing body that reveal the name, address, including e-mail address, telephone or pager numbers, or operating schedule of an individual participant in the program.
- 21. Information held by state or local park and recreation departments and local and regional park authorities concerning identifiable individuals under the age of 18 years. However, nothing in this subdivision shall operate to prevent the disclosure of information defined as directory information under regulations implementing the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. § 1232g, unless the public body has undertaken the parental notification and opt-out requirements provided by such regulations. Access shall not be denied to the parent, including a

noncustodial parent, or guardian of such person, unless the parent's parental rights have been terminated or a court of competent jurisdiction has restricted or denied such access. For such information of persons who are emancipated, the right of access may be asserted by the subject thereof. Any parent or emancipated person who is the subject of the information may waive, in writing, the protections afforded by this subdivision. If the protections are so waived, the public body shall open such information for inspection and copying.

- 22. Information submitted for inclusion in the Statewide Alert Network administered by the Department of Emergency Management that reveal names, physical addresses, email addresses, computer or internet protocol information, telephone numbers, pager numbers, other wireless or portable communications device information, or operating schedules of individuals or agencies, where the release of such information would compromise the security of the Statewide Alert Network or individuals participating in the Statewide Alert Network.
- 23. Information held by the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission made confidential by § 17.1-913.
- 24. Information held by the Virginia Retirement System acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, a local retirement system acting pursuant to § 51.1-803 (hereinafter collectively referred to as the retirement system), or the Virginia College Savings Plan, acting pursuant to § 23.1-704 relating to:
- a. Internal deliberations of or decisions by the retirement system or the Virginia College Savings Plan on the pursuit of particular investment strategies, or the selection or termination of investment managers, prior to the execution of such investment strategies or the selection or termination of such managers, if disclosure of such information would have an adverse impact on the financial interest of the retirement system or the Virginia College Savings Plan; and
- b. Trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), provided by a private entity to the retirement system or the Virginia College Savings Plan if disclosure of such records would have an adverse impact on the financial interest of the retirement system or the Virginia College Savings Plan.

For the records specified in subdivision b to be excluded from the provisions of this chapter, the entity shall make a written request to the retirement system or the Virginia College Savings Plan:

- (1) Invoking such exclusion prior to or upon submission of the data or other materials for which protection from disclosure is sought;
- (2) Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
- (3) Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The retirement system or the Virginia College Savings Plan shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure meets the requirements set forth in subdivision b.

Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of the identity or amount of any investment held or the present value and performance of all asset classes and subclasses.

- 25. Information held by the Department of Corrections made confidential by § 53.1-233.
- 26. Information maintained by the Department of the Treasury or participants in the Local Government Investment Pool ($\S 2.2-4600$ et seq.) and required to be provided by such

participants to the Department to establish accounts in accordance with § 2.2-4602.

- 27. Personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, contained in the Veterans Care Center Resident Trust Funds concerning residents or patients of the Department of Veterans Services Care Centers, except that access shall not be denied to the person who is the subject of the information.
- 28. Information maintained in connection with fundraising activities by the Veterans Services Foundation pursuant to § 2.2-2716 that reveal the address, electronic mail address, facsimile or telephone number, social security number or other identification number appearing on a driver's license, or credit card or bank account data of identifiable donors, except that access shall not be denied to the person who is the subject of the information. Nothing in this subdivision, however, shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the amount, date, purpose, and terms of the pledge or donation or the identity of the donor, unless the donor has requested anonymity in connection with or as a condition of making a pledge or donation. The exclusion provided by this subdivision shall not apply to protect from disclosure (i) the identities of sponsors providing grants to or contracting with the foundation for the performance of services or other work or (ii) the terms and conditions of such grants or contracts.
- 29. Information prepared for and utilized by the Commonwealth's Attorneys' Services Council in the training of state prosecutors or law-enforcement personnel, where such information is not otherwise available to the public and the disclosure of such information would reveal confidential strategies, methods, or procedures to be employed in law-enforcement activities or materials created for the investigation and prosecution of a criminal case.
- 30. Information provided to the Department of Aviation by other entities of the Commonwealth in connection with the operation of aircraft where the information would not be subject to disclosure by the entity providing the information. The entity providing the information to the Department of Aviation shall identify the specific information to be protected and the applicable provision of this chapter that excludes the information from mandatory disclosure.
- 31. Information created or maintained by or on the behalf of the judicial performance evaluation program related to an evaluation of any individual justice or judge made confidential by § 17.1-100.
- 32. Information reflecting the substance of meetings in which (i) individual sexual assault cases are discussed by any sexual assault team established pursuant to § 15.2-1627.4 or (ii) individual child abuse or neglect cases or sex offenses involving a child are discussed by multidisciplinary child abuse teams established pursuant to § 15.2-1627.5. The findings of any such team may be disclosed or published in statistical or other aggregated form that does not disclose the identity of specific individuals.
- 33. Information contained in the strategic plan, marketing plan, or operational plan prepared by the Virginia Economic Development Partnership Authority pursuant to § 2.2-2237.1 regarding target companies, specific allocation of resources and staff for marketing activities, and specific marketing activities that would reveal to the Commonwealth's competitors for economic development projects the strategies intended to be deployed by the Commonwealth, thereby adversely affecting the financial interest of the Commonwealth. The executive summaries of the strategic plan, marketing plan, and operational plan shall not be redacted or withheld pursuant to this subdivision.

1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, § 2.2-3705;2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003, cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, cc. 426, 690, 832;2005, cc. 165, 508;2007, cc. 406, 652, 660, 737, 739;2008, cc. 16, 739;2009, cc. 223, 827, 845;2010, c. 300;2011, cc. 827, 867;2012, c. 726;2013, cc. 199, 481, 554, 574;2014, cc. 225, 808;2015, cc. 38, 137, 549, 730;2016, cc. 550, 620, 716, 729;2017, cc. 587, 642, 778, 804, 824;2018, cc. 58, 141.

§ 2.2-3705.8. Limitation on record exclusions.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as denying public access to the nonexempt portions of a report of a consultant hired by or at the request of a local public body or the mayor or chief executive or administrative officer of such public body if (i) the contents of such report have been distributed or disclosed to members of the local public body or (ii) the local public body has scheduled any action on a matter that is the subject of the consultant's report.

1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 793, 849, 852, 867, 868, 881, § 2.1-342.01; 2000, cc. 66, 237, 382, 400, 430, 583, 589, 592, 594, 618, 632, 657, 720, 932, 933, 947, 1006, 1064;2001, cc. 288, 518, 844, § 2.2-3705; 2002, cc. 87, 155, 242, 393, 478, 481, 499, 522, 571, 572, 633, 655, 715, 798, 830;2003, cc. 274, 307, 327, 332, 358, 704, 801, 884, 891, 893, 897, 968;2004, c. 690;2017, c. 778.

§ 2.2-3706. Disclosure of law-enforcement and criminal records; limitations.

A. Records required to be released. All public bodies engaged in criminal law-enforcement activities shall provide the following records when requested in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:

- 1. Criminal incident information relating to felony offenses, which shall include:
- a. A general description of the criminal activity reported;
- b. The date the alleged crime was committed;
- c. The general location where the alleged crime was committed;
- d. The identity of the investigating officer or other point of contact; and
- e. A general description of any injuries suffered or property damaged or stolen.

A verbal response as agreed to by the requester and the public body is sufficient to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 1.

Where the release of criminal incident information, however, is likely to jeopardize an ongoing investigation or prosecution or the safety of an individual, cause a suspect to flee or evade detection, or result in the destruction of evidence, such information may be withheld until the above-referenced damage is no longer likely to occur from release of the information. Nothing in subdivision 1 shall be construed to authorize the withholding of those portions of such information that are not likely to cause the above-referenced damage;

2. Adult arrestee photographs taken during the initial intake following the arrest and as part of the routine booking procedure, except when necessary to avoid jeopardizing an investigation in felony cases until such time as the release of the photograph will no longer jeopardize the investigation;

35

- 3. Information relative to the identity of any individual, other than a juvenile, who is arrested and charged, and the status of the charge or arrest; and
- 4. Records of completed unattended death investigations to the parent or spouse of the decedent or, if there is no living parent or spouse, to the most immediate family member of the decedent, provided the person is not a person of interest or a suspect. For the purposes of this subdivision, "unattended death" means a death determined to be a suicide, accidental or natural death where no criminal charges will be initiated, and "immediate family" means the decedent's personal representative or, if no personal representative has qualified, the decedent's next of kin in order of intestate succession as set forth in § 64.2-200.
- B. Discretionary releases. The following records are excluded from the mandatory disclosure provisions of this chapter, but may be disclosed by the custodian, in his discretion, except where such disclosure is prohibited by law:
- 1. Criminal investigative files, defined as any documents and information, including complaints, court orders, memoranda, notes, diagrams, maps, photographs, correspondence, reports, witness statements, and evidence relating to a criminal investigation or prosecution, other than criminal incident information subject to release in accordance with subdivision A 1;
- 2. Reports submitted in confidence to (i) state and local law-enforcement agencies, (ii) investigators authorized pursuant to Chapter 3.2 (§ 2.2-307 et seq.), and (iii) campus police departments of public institutions of higher education established pursuant to Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1;
- 3. Records of local law-enforcement agencies relating to neighborhood watch programs that include the names, addresses, and operating schedules of individual participants in the program that are provided to such agencies under a promise of anonymity;
- 4. All records of persons imprisoned in penal institutions in the Commonwealth provided such records relate to the imprisonment;
- 5. Records of law-enforcement agencies, to the extent that such records contain specific tactical plans, the disclosure of which would jeopardize the safety or security of law-enforcement personnel or the general public;
- 6. All records of adult persons under (i) investigation or supervision by a local pretrial services agency in accordance with Article 5 (§ 19.2-152.2 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of Title 19.2; (ii) investigation, probation supervision, or monitoring by a local community-based probation services agency in accordance with Article 9 (§ 9.1-173 et seq.) of Chapter 1 of Title 9.1; or (iii) investigation or supervision by state probation and parole services in accordance with Article 2 (§ 53.1-141 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 53.1;
- 7. Records of a law-enforcement agency to the extent that they disclose the telephone numbers for cellular telephones, pagers, or comparable portable communication devices provided to its personnel for use in the performance of their official duties;
- 8. Those portions of any records containing information related to undercover operations or protective details that would reveal the staffing, logistics, or tactical plans of such undercover operations or protective details. Nothing in this subdivision shall operate to allow the withholding of information concerning the overall costs or expenses associated with undercover operations or protective details;

- 9. Records of (i) background investigations of applicants for law-enforcement agency employment, (ii) administrative investigations relating to allegations of wrongdoing by employees of a law-enforcement agency, and (iii) other administrative investigations conducted by law-enforcement agencies that are made confidential by law;
- 10. The identity of any victim, witness, or undercover officer, or investigative techniques or procedures. However, the identity of any victim or witness shall be withheld if disclosure is prohibited or restricted under § 19.2-11.2; and
- 11. Records of the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry maintained by the Department of State Police pursuant to Chapter 9 (§ 9.1-900 et seq.) of Title 9.1, including information obtained from state, local, and regional officials, except to the extent that information is required to be posted on the Internet pursuant to § 9.1-913.
- C. Prohibited releases. The identity of any individual providing information about a crime or criminal activity under a promise of anonymity shall not be disclosed.
- D. Noncriminal records. Public bodies (i) engaged in emergency medical services, (ii) engaged in fire protection services, (iii) engaged in criminal law-enforcement activities, or (iv) engaged in processing calls for service or other communications to an emergency 911 system or any other equivalent reporting system may withhold those portions of noncriminal incident or other noncriminal investigative reports or materials that contain identifying information of a personal, medical, or financial nature where the release of such information would jeopardize the safety or privacy of any person. Access to personnel records of persons employed by a law-enforcement agency shall be governed by the provisions of subdivision B 9 of this section and subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.1, as applicable.
- E. Records of any call for service or other communication to an emergency 911 system or communicated with any other equivalent reporting system shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- F. Conflict resolution. In the event of conflict between this section as it relates to requests made under this section and other provisions of law, this section shall control.

1999, cc. 703, 726, § 2.1-342.2; 2000, c. 227;2001, c. 844;2002, cc. 393, 715, 769, 830;2004, cc. 685, 735;2006, cc. 857, 914;2007, c. 133;2010, c. 627;2011, cc. 798, 871;2013, c. 695;2016, cc. 184, 546;2017, c. 828;2018, c. 48.

§ 2.2-3707. Meetings to be public; notice of meetings; recordings; minutes.

- A. All meetings of public bodies shall be open, except as provided in §§ 2.2-3707.01 and 2.2-3711.
- B. No meeting shall be conducted through telephonic, video, electronic or other electronic communication means where the members are not physically assembled to discuss or transact public business, except as provided in § 2.2-3708.2 or as may be specifically provided in Title 54.1 for the summary suspension of professional licenses.
- C. Every public body shall give notice of the date, time, and location of its meetings by:
- 1. Posting such notice on its official public government website, if any;
- 2. Placing such notice in a prominent public location at which notices are regularly posted; and

3. Placing such notice at the office of the clerk of the public body or, in the case of a public body that has no clerk, at the office of the chief administrator.

All state public bodies subject to the provisions of this chapter shall also post notice of their meetings on a central, publicly available electronic calendar maintained by the Commonwealth. Publication of meeting notices by electronic means by other public bodies shall be encouraged.

The notice shall be posted at least three working days prior to the meeting.

- D. Notice, reasonable under the circumstance, of special, emergency, or continued meetings shall be given contemporaneously with the notice provided to the members of the public body conducting the meeting.
- E. Any person may annually file a written request for notification with a public body. The request shall include the requester's name, address, zip code, daytime telephone number, electronic mail address, if available, and organization, if any. The public body receiving such request shall provide notice of all meetings directly to each such person. Without objection by the person, the public body may provide electronic notice of all meetings in response to such requests.
- F. At least one copy of the proposed agenda and all agenda packets and, unless exempt, all materials furnished to members of a public body for a meeting shall be made available for public inspection at the same time such documents are furnished to the members of the public body. The proposed agendas for meetings of state public bodies where at least one member has been appointed by the Governor shall state whether or not public comment will be received at the meeting and, if so, the approximate point during the meeting when public comment will be received.
- G. Any person may photograph, film, record or otherwise reproduce any portion of a meeting required to be open. The public body conducting the meeting may adopt rules governing the placement and use of equipment necessary for broadcasting, photographing, filming or recording a meeting to prevent interference with the proceedings, but shall not prohibit or otherwise prevent any person from photographing, filming, recording, or otherwise reproducing any portion of a meeting required to be open. No public body shall conduct a meeting required to be open in any building or facility where such recording devices are prohibited.
- H. Minutes shall be recorded at all open meetings. However, minutes shall not be required to be taken at deliberations of (i) standing and other committees of the General Assembly; (ii) legislative interim study commissions and committees, including the Virginia Code Commission; (iii) study committees or commissions appointed by the Governor; or (iv) study commissions or study committees, or any other committees or subcommittees appointed by the governing bodies or school boards of counties, cities and towns, except where the membership of any such commission, committee or subcommittee includes a majority of the governing body of the county, city or town or school board.

Minutes, including draft minutes, and all other records of open meetings, including audio or audio/visual records shall be deemed public records and subject to the provisions of this chapter.

Minutes shall be in writing and shall include (a) the date, time, and location of the meeting; (b) the members of the public body recorded as present and absent; and (c) a summary of the discussion on matters proposed, deliberated or decided, and a record of any votes taken. In addition, for electronic communication meetings conducted in accordance with § 2.2-3708.2,

minutes of state public bodies shall include (1) the identity of the members of the public body at each remote location identified in the notice who participated in the meeting through electronic communication means, (2) the identity of the members of the public body who were physically assembled at the primary or central meeting location, and (3) the identity of the members of the public body who were not present at the locations identified in clauses (1) and (2) but who monitored such meeting through electronic communication means.

1968, c. 479, § 2.1-343; 1973, c. 461; 1976, c. 467; 1977, c. 677; 1982, c. 333; 1989, c. 358; 1990, c. 538; 1993, c. 720; 1995, c. 562;1999, cc. 696, 703, 726;2000, c. 227;2001, c. 844;2004, cc. 730, 768; 2005, c. 352;2007, c. 300;2009, c. 628;2010, c. 309;2015, c. 131;2017, c. 616;2018, c. 55.

§ 2.2-3707.01. Meetings of the General Assembly.

A. Except as provided in subsection B, public access to any meeting of the General Assembly or a portion thereof shall be governed by rules established by the Joint Rules Committee and approved by a majority vote of each house at the next regular session of the General Assembly. At least 60 days before the adoption of such rules, the Joint Rules Committee shall (i) hold regional public hearings on such proposed rules and (ii) provide a copy of such proposed rules to the Virginia Freedom of Information Advisory Council.

- B. Floor sessions of either house of the General Assembly; meetings, including work sessions, of any standing or interim study committee of the General Assembly; meetings, including work sessions, of any subcommittee of such standing or interim study committee; and joint committees of conference of the General Assembly; or a quorum of any such committees or subcommittees, shall be open and governed by this chapter.
- C. Meetings of the respective political party caucuses of either house of the General Assembly, including meetings conducted by telephonic or other electronic communication means, without regard to (i) whether the General Assembly is in or out of regular or special session or (ii) whether such caucuses invite staff or guests to participate in their deliberations, shall not be deemed meetings for the purposes of this chapter.
- D. No regular, special, or reconvened session of the General Assembly held pursuant to Article IV, Section 6 of the Constitution of Virginia shall be conducted using electronic communication means pursuant to § 2.2-3708.2.

2004, c. 768;2005, c. 352;2018, c. 55.

§ 2.2-3707.1. Posting of minutes for state boards and commissions.

All boards, commissions, councils, and other public bodies created in the executive branch of state government and subject to the provisions of this chapter shall post minutes of their meetings on such body's official public government website and on a central electronic calendar maintained by the Commonwealth. Draft minutes of meetings shall be posted as soon as possible but no later than 10 working days after the conclusion of the meeting. Final approved meeting minutes shall be posted within three working days of final approval of the minutes.

2002, cc. 580, 618;2006, cc. 474, 595;2007, c. 300;2017, c. 616.

§ 2.2-3708. Repealed.

Repealed by Acts 2018, c. 55, cl. 2.

§ 2.2-3708.2. Meetings held through electronic communication means.

- A. The following provisions apply to all public bodies:
- 1. Subject to the requirements of subsection C, all public bodies may conduct any meeting wherein the public business is discussed or transacted through electronic communication means if, on or before the day of a meeting, a member of the public body holding the meeting notifies the chair of the public body that:
- a. Such member is unable to attend the meeting due to a temporary or permanent disability or other medical condition that prevents the member's physical attendance; or
- b. Such member is unable to attend the meeting due to a personal matter and identifies with specificity the nature of the personal matter. Participation by a member pursuant to this subdivision is limited each calendar year to two meetings.
- 2. If participation by a member through electronic communication means is approved pursuant to subdivision 1, the public body holding the meeting shall record in its minutes the remote location from which the member participated; however, the remote location need not be open to the public. If participation is approved pursuant to subdivision 1 a, the public body shall also include in its minutes the fact that the member participated through electronic communication means due to a temporary or permanent disability or other medical condition that prevented the member's physical attendance. If participation is approved pursuant to subdivision 1 b, the public body shall also include in its minutes the specific nature of the personal matter cited by the member.

If a member's participation from a remote location pursuant to subdivision 1 b is disapproved because such participation would violate the policy adopted pursuant to subsection C, such disapproval shall be recorded in the minutes with specificity.

- 3. Any public body may meet by electronic communication means without a quorum of the public body physically assembled at one location when the Governor has declared a state of emergency in accordance with § 44-146.17, provided that (i) the catastrophic nature of the declared emergency makes it impracticable or unsafe to assemble a quorum in a single location and (ii) the purpose of the meeting is to address the emergency. The public body convening a meeting in accordance with this subdivision shall:
- a. Give public notice using the best available method given the nature of the emergency, which notice shall be given contemporaneously with the notice provided to members of the public body conducting the meeting;
- b. Make arrangements for public access to such meeting; and
- c. Otherwise comply with the provisions of this section.

The nature of the emergency, the fact that the meeting was held by electronic communication means, and the type of electronic communication means by which the meeting was held shall be stated in the minutes.

- B. The following provisions apply to regional public bodies:
- 1. Subject to the requirements in subsection C, regional public bodies may also conduct any meeting wherein the public business is discussed or transacted through electronic

communication means if, on the day of a meeting, a member of a regional public body notifies the chair of the public body that such member's principal residence is more than 60 miles from the meeting location identified in the required notice for such meeting.

2. If participation by a member through electronic communication means is approved pursuant to this subsection, the public body holding the meeting shall record in its minutes the remote location from which the member participated; however, the remote location need not be open to the public.

If a member's participation from a remote location is disapproved because such participation would violate the policy adopted pursuant to subsection C, such disapproval shall be recorded in the minutes with specificity.

- C. Participation by a member of a public body in a meeting through electronic communication means pursuant to subsections A and B shall be authorized only if the following conditions are met:
- 1. The public body has adopted a written policy allowing for and governing participation of its members by electronic communication means, including an approval process for such participation, subject to the express limitations imposed by this section. Once adopted, the policy shall be applied strictly and uniformly, without exception, to the entire membership and without regard to the identity of the member requesting remote participation or the matters that will be considered or voted on at the meeting;
- 2. A quorum of the public body is physically assembled at one primary or central meeting location; and
- 3. The public body makes arrangements for the voice of the remote participant to be heard by all persons at the primary or central meeting location.
- D. The following provisions apply to state public bodies:
- 1. Except as provided in subsection D of § 2.2-3707.01, state public bodies may also conduct any meeting wherein the public business is discussed or transacted through electronic communication means, provided that (i) a quorum of the public body is physically assembled at one primary or central meeting location, (ii) notice of the meeting has been given in accordance with subdivision 2, and (iii) members of the public are provided a substantially equivalent electronic communication means through which to witness the meeting. For the purposes of this subsection, "witness" means observe or listen.

If a state public body holds a meeting through electronic communication means pursuant to this subsection, it shall also hold at least one meeting annually where members in attendance at the meeting are physically assembled at one location and where no members participate by electronic communication means.

2. Notice of any regular meeting held pursuant to this subsection shall be provided at least three working days in advance of the date scheduled for the meeting. Notice, reasonable under the circumstance, of special, emergency, or continued meetings held pursuant to this section shall be given contemporaneously with the notice provided to members of the public body conducting the meeting. For the purposes of this subsection, "continued meeting" means a meeting that is continued to address an emergency or to conclude the agenda of a meeting for which proper notice was given.

The notice shall include the date, time, place, and purpose for the meeting; shall identify the primary or central meeting location and any remote locations that are open to the public pursuant to subdivision 4; shall include notice as to the electronic communication means by which members of the public may witness the meeting; and shall include a telephone number that may be used to notify the primary or central meeting location of any interruption in the telephonic or video broadcast of the meeting. Any interruption in the telephonic or video broadcast of the meeting shall result in the suspension of action at the meeting until repairs are made and public access is restored.

- 3. A copy of the proposed agenda and agenda packets and, unless exempt, all materials that will be distributed to members of a public body for a meeting shall be made available for public inspection at the same time such documents are furnished to the members of the public body conducting the meeting.
- 4. Public access to the remote locations from which additional members of the public body participate through electronic communication means shall be encouraged but not required. However, if three or more members are gathered at the same remote location, then such remote location shall be open to the public.
- 5. If access to remote locations is afforded, (i) all persons attending the meeting at any of the remote locations shall be afforded the same opportunity to address the public body as persons attending at the primary or central location and (ii) a copy of the proposed agenda and agenda packets and, unless exempt, all materials that will be distributed to members of the public body for the meeting shall be made available for inspection by members of the public attending the meeting at any of the remote locations at the time of the meeting.
- 6. The public body shall make available to the public at any meeting conducted in accordance with this subsection a public comment form prepared by the Virginia Freedom of Information Advisory Council in accordance with § 30-179.
- 7. Minutes of all meetings held by electronic communication means shall be recorded as required by § 2.2-3707. Votes taken during any meeting conducted through electronic communication means shall be recorded by name in roll-call fashion and included in the minutes. For emergency meetings held by electronic communication means, the nature of the emergency shall be stated in the minutes.
- 8. Any authorized state public body that meets by electronic communication means pursuant to this subsection shall make a written report of the following to the Virginia Freedom of Information Advisory Council by December 15 of each year:
- a. The total number of meetings held that year in which there was participation through electronic communication means;
- b. The dates and purposes of each such meeting;
- c. A copy of the agenda for each such meeting;
- d. The primary or central meeting location of each such meeting;
- e. The types of electronic communication means by which each meeting was held;
- f. If possible, the number of members of the public who witnessed each meeting through

electronic communication means;

- g. The identity of the members of the public body recorded as present at each meeting, and whether each member was present at the primary or central meeting location or participated through electronic communication means;
- h. The identity of any members of the public body who were recorded as absent at each meeting and any members who were recorded as absent at a meeting but who monitored the meeting through electronic communication means;
- i. If members of the public were granted access to a remote location from which a member participated in a meeting through electronic communication means, the number of members of the public at each such remote location;
- j. A summary of any public comment received about the process of conducting a meeting through electronic communication means; and
- k. A written summary of the public body's experience conducting meetings through electronic communication means, including its logistical and technical experience.
- E. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the use of interactive audio or video means to expand public participation.

2018, cc. 55, 56.

§ 2.2-3709. Expired.

Expired.

§ 2.2-3710. Transaction of public business other than by votes at meetings prohibited.

A. Unless otherwise specifically provided by law, no vote of any kind of the membership, or any part thereof, of any public body shall be taken to authorize the transaction of any public business, other than a vote taken at a meeting conducted in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. No public body shall vote by secret or written ballot, and unless expressly provided by this chapter, no public body shall vote by telephone or other electronic communication means.

B. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit (i) separately contacting the membership, or any part thereof, of any public body for the purpose of ascertaining a member's position with respect to the transaction of public business, whether such contact is done in person, by telephone or by electronic communication, provided the contact is done on a basis that does not constitute a meeting as defined in this chapter or (ii) the House of Delegates or the Senate of Virginia from adopting rules relating to the casting of votes by members of standing committees. Nothing in this subsection shall operate to exclude any public record from the provisions of this chapter.

1987, c. 71, § 2.1-343.2; 1999, cc. 703, 726;2000, c. 932;2001, cc. 710, 844;2002, c. 491.

§ 2.2-3711. Closed meetings authorized for certain limited purposes.

A. Public bodies may hold closed meetings only for the following purposes:

1. Discussion, consideration, or interviews of prospective candidates for employment; assignment, appointment, promotion, performance, demotion, salaries, disciplining, or

resignation of specific public officers, appointees, or employees of any public body; and evaluation of performance of departments or schools of public institutions of higher education where such evaluation will necessarily involve discussion of the performance of specific individuals. Any teacher shall be permitted to be present during a closed meeting in which there is a discussion or consideration of a disciplinary matter that involves the teacher and some student and the student involved in the matter is present, provided the teacher makes a written request to be present to the presiding officer of the appropriate board. Nothing in this subdivision, however, shall be construed to authorize a closed meeting by a local governing body or an elected school board to discuss compensation matters that affect the membership of such body or board collectively.

- 2. Discussion or consideration of admission or disciplinary matters or any other matters that would involve the disclosure of information contained in a scholastic record concerning any student of any public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth or any state school system. However, any such student, legal counsel and, if the student is a minor, the student's parents or legal guardians shall be permitted to be present during the taking of testimony or presentation of evidence at a closed meeting, if such student, parents, or guardians so request in writing and such request is submitted to the presiding officer of the appropriate board.
- 3. Discussion or consideration of the acquisition of real property for a public purpose, or of the disposition of publicly held real property, where discussion in an open meeting would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body.
- 4. The protection of the privacy of individuals in personal matters not related to public business.
- 5. Discussion concerning a prospective business or industry or the expansion of an existing business or industry where no previous announcement has been made of the business' or industry's interest in locating or expanding its facilities in the community.
- 6. Discussion or consideration of the investment of public funds where competition or bargaining is involved, where, if made public initially, the financial interest of the governmental unit would be adversely affected.
- 7. Consultation with legal counsel and briefings by staff members or consultants pertaining to actual or probable litigation, where such consultation or briefing in open meeting would adversely affect the negotiating or litigating posture of the public body. For the purposes of this subdivision, "probable litigation" means litigation that has been specifically threatened or on which the public body or its legal counsel has a reasonable basis to believe will be commenced by or against a known party. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney representing the public body is in attendance or is consulted on a matter.
- 8. Consultation with legal counsel employed or retained by a public body regarding specific legal matters requiring the provision of legal advice by such counsel. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to permit the closure of a meeting merely because an attorney representing the public body is in attendance or is consulted on a matter.
- 9. Discussion or consideration by governing boards of public institutions of higher education of matters relating to gifts, bequests and fund-raising activities, and of grants and contracts for services or work to be performed by such institution. However, the terms and conditions of any such gifts, bequests, grants, and contracts made by a foreign government, a foreign legal entity,

or a foreign person and accepted by a public institution of higher education in the Commonwealth shall be subject to public disclosure upon written request to the appropriate board of visitors. For the purpose of this subdivision, (i) "foreign government" means any government other than the United States government or the government of a state or a political subdivision thereof, (ii) "foreign legal entity" means any legal entity (a) created under the laws of the United States or of any state thereof if a majority of the ownership of the stock of such legal entity is owned by foreign governments or foreign persons or if a majority of the membership of any such entity is composed of foreign persons or foreign legal entities or (b) created under the laws of a foreign government, and (iii) "foreign person" means any individual who is not a citizen or national of the United States or a trust territory or protectorate thereof.

- 10. Discussion or consideration by the boards of trustees of the Virginia Museum of Fine Arts, the Virginia Museum of Natural History, the Jamestown-Yorktown Foundation, and The Science Museum of Virginia of matters relating to specific gifts, bequests, and grants from private sources.
- 11. Discussion or consideration of honorary degrees or special awards.
- 12. Discussion or consideration of tests, examinations, or other information used, administered, or prepared by a public body and subject to the exclusion in subdivision 4 of $\S 2.2-3705.1$.
- 13. Discussion, consideration, or review by the appropriate House or Senate committees of possible disciplinary action against a member arising out of the possible inadequacy of the disclosure statement filed by the member, provided the member may request in writing that the committee meeting not be conducted in a closed meeting.
- 14. Discussion of strategy with respect to the negotiation of a hazardous waste siting agreement or to consider the terms, conditions, and provisions of a hazardous waste siting agreement if the governing body in open meeting finds that an open meeting will have an adverse effect upon the negotiating position of the governing body or the establishment of the terms, conditions and provisions of the siting agreement, or both. All discussions with the applicant or its representatives may be conducted in a closed meeting.
- 15. Discussion by the Governor and any economic advisory board reviewing forecasts of economic activity and estimating general and nongeneral fund revenues.
- 16. Discussion or consideration of medical and mental health records subject to the exclusion in subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.5.
- 17. Deliberations of the Virginia Lottery Board in a licensing appeal action conducted pursuant to subsection D of § 58.1-4007 regarding the denial or revocation of a license of a lottery sales agent; and discussion, consideration or review of Virginia Lottery matters related to proprietary lottery game information and studies or investigations excluded from disclosure under subdivision 6 of § 2.2-3705.3 and subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.7.
- 18. Those portions of meetings in which the Board of Corrections discusses or discloses the identity of, or information tending to identify, any prisoner who (i) provides information about crimes or criminal activities, (ii) renders assistance in preventing the escape of another prisoner or in the apprehension of an escaped prisoner, or (iii) voluntarily or at the instance of a prison official renders other extraordinary services, the disclosure of which is likely to jeopardize the prisoner's life or safety.

- 19. Discussion of plans to protect public safety as it relates to terrorist activity or specific cybersecurity threats or vulnerabilities and briefings by staff members, legal counsel, or lawenforcement or emergency service officials concerning actions taken to respond to such matters or a related threat to public safety; discussion of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 2 or 14 of § 2.2-3705.2, where discussion in an open meeting would jeopardize the safety of any person or the security of any facility, building, structure, information technology system, or software program; or discussion of reports or plans related to the security of any governmental facility, building or structure, or the safety of persons using such facility, building or structure.
- 20. Discussion by the Board of the Virginia Retirement System, acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, or of any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, or by a local finance board or board of trustees of a trust established by one or more local public bodies to invest funds for postemployment benefits other than pensions, acting pursuant to Article 8 (§ 15.2-1544 et seq.) of Chapter 15 of Title 15.2, or by the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, acting pursuant to § 23.1-2210, or by the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan, acting pursuant to § 23.1-706, regarding the acquisition, holding or disposition of a security or other ownership interest in an entity, where such security or ownership interest is not traded on a governmentally regulated securities exchange, to the extent that such discussion (i) concerns confidential analyses prepared for the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, prepared by the retirement system, or a local finance board or board of trustees, or the Virginia College Savings Plan or provided to the retirement system, a local finance board or board of trustees, or the Virginia College Savings Plan under a promise of confidentiality, of the future value of such ownership interest or the future financial performance of the entity, and (ii) would have an adverse effect on the value of the investment to be acquired, held, or disposed of by the retirement system, a local finance board or board of trustees, the board of visitors of the University of Virginia, or the Virginia College Savings Plan. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information relating to the identity of any investment held, the amount invested or the present value of such investment.
- 21. Those portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by the State Child Fatality Review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.1, those portions of meetings in which individual child death cases are discussed by a regional or local child fatality review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.2, those portions of meetings in which individual death cases are discussed by family violence fatality review teams established pursuant to § 32.1-283.3, those portions of meetings in which individual adult death cases are discussed by the state Adult Fatality Review Team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.5, those portions of meetings in which individual adult death cases are discussed by a local or regional adult fatality review team established pursuant to § 32.1-283.6, and those portions of meetings in which individual death cases are discussed by overdose fatality review teams established pursuant to § 32.1-283.7.
- 22. Those portions of meetings of the board of visitors of the University of Virginia or the Eastern Virginia Medical School Board of Visitors, as the case may be, and those portions of meetings of any persons to whom management responsibilities for the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, have been delegated, in which there is discussed proprietary, business-related information pertaining to the operations of the University of Virginia Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, including business development or marketing strategies and activities with existing or future joint venturers, partners, or other parties with whom the University of Virginia Medical Center or

Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be, has formed, or forms, any arrangement for the delivery of health care, if disclosure of such information would adversely affect the competitive position of the Medical Center or Eastern Virginia Medical School, as the case may be.

- 23. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Commonwealth University Health System Authority or the board of visitors of Virginia Commonwealth University of any of the following: the acquisition or disposition by the Authority of real property, equipment, or technology software or hardware and related goods or services, where disclosure would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the Authority; matters relating to gifts or bequests to, and fund-raising activities of, the Authority; grants and contracts for services or work to be performed by the Authority; marketing or operational strategies plans of the Authority where disclosure of such strategies or plans would adversely affect the competitive position of the Authority; and members of the Authority's medical and teaching staffs and qualifications for appointments thereto.
- 24. Those portions of the meetings of the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program Committee within the Department of Health Professions to the extent such discussions identify any practitioner who may be, or who actually is, impaired pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1.
- 25. Meetings or portions of meetings of the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan wherein personal information, as defined in § 2.2-3801, which has been provided to the Board or its employees by or on behalf of individuals who have requested information about, applied for, or entered into prepaid tuition contracts or savings trust account agreements pursuant to Chapter 7 (§ 23.1-700 et seq.) of Title 23.1 is discussed.
- 26. Discussion or consideration, by the former Wireless Carrier E-911 Cost Recovery Subcommittee created pursuant to former § 56-484.15, of trade secrets, as defined in the Uniform Trade Secrets Act (§ 59.1-336 et seq.), submitted by CMRS providers as defined in § 56-484.12, related to the provision of wireless E-911 service.
- 27. Those portions of disciplinary proceedings by any regulatory board within the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation, Department of Health Professions, or the Board of Accountancy conducted pursuant to § 2.2-4019 or 2.2-4020 during which the board deliberates to reach a decision or meetings of health regulatory boards or conference committees of such boards to consider settlement proposals in pending disciplinary actions or modifications to previously issued board orders as requested by either of the parties.
- 28. Discussion or consideration of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.6 by a responsible public entity or an affected locality or public entity, as those terms are defined in § 33.2-1800, or any independent review panel appointed to review information and advise the responsible public entity concerning such records.
- 29. Discussion of the award of a public contract involving the expenditure of public funds, including interviews of bidders or offerors, and discussion of the terms or scope of such contract, where discussion in an open session would adversely affect the bargaining position or negotiating strategy of the public body.
- 30. Discussion or consideration of grant or loan application information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 17 of § 2.2-3705.6 by (i) the Commonwealth Health Research Board or (ii) the

Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority or the Research and Technology Investment Advisory Committee appointed to advise the Innovation and Entrepreneurship Investment Authority.

- 31. Discussion or consideration by the Commitment Review Committee of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 5 of § 2.2-3705.2 relating to individuals subject to commitment as sexually violent predators under Chapter 9 (§ 37.2-900 et seq.) of Title 37.2.
- 32. Discussion or consideration of confidential proprietary information and trade secrets developed and held by a local public body providing certain telecommunication services or cable television services and subject to the exclusion in subdivision 18 of § 2.2-3705.6. However, the exemption provided by this subdivision shall not apply to any authority created pursuant to the BVU Authority Act (§ 15.2-7200 et seq.).
- 33. Discussion or consideration by a local authority created in accordance with the Virginia Wireless Service Authorities Act (§ 15.2-5431.1 et seq.) of confidential proprietary information and trade secrets subject to the exclusion in subdivision 19 of § 2.2-3705.6.
- 34. Discussion or consideration by the State Board of Elections or local electoral boards of voting security matters made confidential pursuant to § 24.2-625.1.
- 35. Discussion or consideration by the Forensic Science Board or the Scientific Advisory Committee created pursuant to Article 2 (§ 9.1-1109 et seq.) of Chapter 11 of Title 9.1 of criminal investigative files subject to the exclusion in subdivision B 1 of § 2.2-3706.
- 36. Discussion or consideration by the Brown v. Board of Education Scholarship Committee of information or confidential matters subject to the exclusion in subdivision A 3 of § 2.2-3705.4, and meetings of the Committee to deliberate concerning the annual maximum scholarship award, review and consider scholarship applications and requests for scholarship award renewal, and cancel, rescind, or recover scholarship awards.
- 37. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Port Authority of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 1 of $\S 2.2-3705.6$ related to certain proprietary information gathered by or for the Virginia Port Authority.
- 38. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Virginia Retirement System acting pursuant to § 51.1-124.30, by the Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 51.1-124.26, by any local retirement system, acting pursuant to § 51.1-803, by the Board of the Virginia College Savings Plan acting pursuant to § 23.1-706, or by the Virginia College Savings Plan's Investment Advisory Committee appointed pursuant to § 23.1-702 of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.7.
- 39. Discussion or consideration of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 3 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to economic development.
- 40. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Education of information relating to the denial, suspension, or revocation of teacher licenses subject to the exclusion in subdivision 11 of § 2.2-3705.3.
- 41. Those portions of meetings of the Virginia Military Advisory Council or any commission created by executive order for the purpose of studying and making recommendations regarding preventing closure or realignment of federal military and national security installations and

- facilities located in Virginia and relocation of such facilities to Virginia, or a local or regional military affairs organization appointed by a local governing body, during which there is discussion of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 8 of § 2.2-3705.2.
- 42. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Trustees of the Veterans Services Foundation of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 28 of § 2.2-3705.7 related to personally identifiable information of donors.
- 43. Discussion or consideration by the Virginia Tobacco Region Revitalization Commission of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 23 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to certain information contained in grant applications.
- 44. Discussion or consideration by the board of directors of the Commercial Space Flight Authority of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 24 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to rate structures or charges for the use of projects of, the sale of products of, or services rendered by the Authority and certain proprietary information of a private entity provided to the Authority.
- 45. Discussion or consideration of personal and proprietary information related to the resource management plan program and subject to the exclusion in (i) subdivision 25 of § 2.2-3705.6 or (ii) subsection E of § 10.1-104.7. This exclusion shall not apply to the discussion or consideration of records that contain information that has been certified for release by the person who is the subject of the information or transformed into a statistical or aggregate form that does not allow identification of the person who supplied, or is the subject of, the information.
- 46. Discussion or consideration by the Board of Directors of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority of information subject to the exclusion in subdivision 1 of § 2.2-3705.3 related to investigations of applicants for licenses and permits and of licensees and permittees.
- 47. Discussion or consideration of grant or loan application records subject to the exclusion in subdivision 28 of § 2.2-3705.6 related to the submission of an application for an award from the Virginia Research Investment Fund pursuant to Article 8 (§ 23.1-3130 et seq.) of Chapter 31 of Title 23.1 or interviews of parties to an application by a reviewing entity pursuant to subsection D of § 23.1-3133 or by the Virginia Research Investment Committee.
- 48. Discussion or development of grant proposals by a regional council established pursuant to Article 26 (§ 2.2-2484 et seq.) of Chapter 24 to be submitted for consideration to the Virginia Growth and Opportunity Board.
- 49. Discussion or consideration of (i) individual sexual assault cases by a sexual assault team established pursuant to $\S 15.2-1627.4$ or (ii) individual child abuse or neglect cases or sex offenses involving a child by a child abuse team established pursuant to $\S 15.2-1627.5$.
- 50. Discussion or consideration by the Board of the Virginia Economic Development Partnership Authority, the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission, or any subcommittees thereof, of the portions of the strategic plan, marketing plan, or operational plan exempt from disclosure pursuant to subdivision 33 of § 2.2-3705.7.
- 51. Those portions of meetings of the subcommittee of the Board of the Virginia Economic Development Partnership Authority established pursuant to subsection F of § 2.2-2237.3 to review and discuss information received from the Virginia Employment Commission pursuant to subdivision C 2 of § 60.2-114.

- B. No resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation or motion adopted, passed or agreed to in a closed meeting shall become effective unless the public body, following the meeting, reconvenes in open meeting and takes a vote of the membership on such resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation, or motion that shall have its substance reasonably identified in the open meeting.
- C. Public officers improperly selected due to the failure of the public body to comply with the other provisions of this section shall be de facto officers and, as such, their official actions are valid until they obtain notice of the legal defect in their election.
- D. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the holding of conferences between two or more public bodies, or their representatives, but these conferences shall be subject to the same procedures for holding closed meetings as are applicable to any other public body.
- E. This section shall not be construed to (i) require the disclosure of any contract between the Department of Health Professions and an impaired practitioner entered into pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.) of Title 54.1 or (ii) require the board of directors of any authority created pursuant to the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (§ 15.2-4900 et seq.), or any public body empowered to issue industrial revenue bonds by general or special law, to identify a business or industry to which subdivision A 5 applies. However, such business or industry shall be identified as a matter of public record at least 30 days prior to the actual date of the board's authorization of the sale or issuance of such bonds.

1968, c. 479, § 2.1-344; 1970, c. 456; 1973, c. 461; 1974, c. 332; 1976, cc. 467, 709; 1979, cc. 369, 684; 1980, cc. 221, 475, 476, 754; 1981, cc. 35, 471; 1982, cc. 497, 516; 1984, cc. 473, 513; 1985, c. 277; 1988, c. 891; 1989, cc. 56, 358, 478; 1990, cc. 435, 538; 1991, c. 708; 1992, c. 444; 1993, cc. 270, 499; 1995, c. 499;1996, cc. 855, 862, 902, 905, 1046;1997, cc. 439, 641, 785, 861;1999, cc. 485, 518, 703, 726, 849, 867, 868;2000, cc. 382, 400, 720, 1064;2001, cc. 231, 844;2002, cc. 87, 393, 455, 478, 499, 655, 715, 830;2003, cc. 274, 291, 332, 618, 703;2004, cc. 398, 690, 770;2005, cc. 258, 411, 568;2006, cc. 430, 499, 518, 560;2007, cc. 133, 374, 566, 739;2008, cc. 626, 633, 668, 721, 743;2009, cc. 223, 325, 472, 765, 810, 827, 845;2010, cc. 310, 630, 808;2011, cc. 89, 111, 147, 536, 541, 816, 874;2012, cc. 476, 507, 803, 835;2013, cc. 571, 580, 695;2014, c. 225;2015, cc. 27, 38, 108, 169, 182, 549, 730;2016, cc. 544, 620, 716, 724, 725, 775, 778, 779;2017, cc. 587, 616, 778, 796, 804, 816, 824;2018, cc. 48, 532, 533, 600, 829.

§ 2.2-3712. Closed meetings procedures; certification of proceedings.

A. No closed meeting shall be held unless the public body proposing to convene such meeting has taken an affirmative recorded vote in an open meeting approving a motion that (i) identifies the subject matter, (ii) states the purpose of the meeting as authorized in subsection A of § 2.2-3711 or other provision of law and (iii) cites the applicable exemption from open meeting requirements provided in subsection A of § 2.2-3711 or other provision of law. The matters contained in such motion shall be set forth in detail in the minutes of the open meeting. A general reference to the provisions of this chapter, the authorized exemptions from open meeting requirements, or the subject matter of the closed meeting shall not be sufficient to satisfy the requirements for holding a closed meeting.

B. The notice provisions of this chapter shall not apply to closed meetings of any public body held solely for the purpose of interviewing candidates for the position of chief administrative officer. Prior to any such closed meeting for the purpose of interviewing candidates, the public body shall announce in an open meeting that such closed meeting shall be held at a disclosed or

undisclosed location within 15 days thereafter.

- C. The public body holding a closed meeting shall restrict its discussion during the closed meeting only to those matters specifically exempted from the provisions of this chapter and identified in the motion required by subsection A.
- D. At the conclusion of any closed meeting, the public body holding such meeting shall immediately reconvene in an open meeting and shall take a roll call or other recorded vote to be included in the minutes of that body, certifying that to the best of each member's knowledge (i) only public business matters lawfully exempted from open meeting requirements under this chapter and (ii) only such public business matters as were identified in the motion by which the closed meeting was convened were heard, discussed or considered in the meeting by the public body. Any member of the public body who believes that there was a departure from the requirements of clauses (i) and (ii), shall so state prior to the vote, indicating the substance of the departure that, in his judgment, has taken place. The statement shall be recorded in the minutes of the public body.
- E. Failure of the certification required by subsection D to receive the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the public body present during a meeting shall not affect the validity or confidentiality of such meeting with respect to matters considered therein in compliance with the provisions of this chapter. The recorded vote and any statement made in connection therewith, shall upon proper authentication, constitute evidence in any proceeding brought to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- F. A public body may permit nonmembers to attend a closed meeting if such persons are deemed necessary or if their presence will reasonably aid the public body in its consideration of a topic that is a subject of the meeting.
- G. A member of a public body shall be permitted to attend a closed meeting held by any committee or subcommittee of that public body, or a closed meeting of any entity, however designated, created to perform the delegated functions of or to advise that public body. Such member shall in all cases be permitted to observe the closed meeting of the committee, subcommittee or entity. In addition to the requirements of § 2.2-3707, the minutes of the committee or other entity shall include the identity of the member of the parent public body who attended the closed meeting.
- H. Except as specifically authorized by law, in no event may any public body take action on matters discussed in any closed meeting, except at an open meeting for which notice was given as required by § 2.2-3707.
- I. Minutes may be taken during closed meetings of a public body, but shall not be required. Such minutes shall not be subject to mandatory public disclosure.

1989, c. 358, § 2.1-344.1; 1999, cc. 703, 726;2001, c. 844;2012, c. 428;2017, c. 616.

§ 2.2-3713. Proceedings for enforcement of chapter.

A. Any person, including the attorney for the Commonwealth acting in his official or individual capacity, denied the rights and privileges conferred by this chapter may proceed to enforce such rights and privileges by filing a petition for mandamus or injunction, supported by an affidavit showing good cause. Such petition may be brought in the name of the person notwithstanding that a request for public records was made by the person's attorney in his representative capacity.

Venue for the petition shall be addressed as follows:

- 1. In a case involving a local public body, to the general district court or circuit court of the county or city from which the public body has been elected or appointed to serve and in which such rights and privileges were so denied;
- 2. In a case involving a regional public body, to the general district or circuit court of the county or city where the principal business office of such body is located; and
- 3. In a case involving a board, bureau, commission, authority, district, institution, or agency of the state government, including a public institution of higher education, or a standing or other committee of the General Assembly, to the general district court or the circuit court of the residence of the aggrieved party or of the City of Richmond.
- B. In any action brought before a general district court, a corporate petitioner may appear through its officer, director or managing agent without the assistance of counsel, notwithstanding any provision of law or Rule of the Supreme Court of Virginia to the contrary.
- C. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 8.01-644, the petition for mandamus or injunction shall be heard within seven days of the date when the same is made, provided the party against whom the petition is brought has received a copy of the petition at least three working days prior to filing. The hearing on any petition made outside of the regular terms of the circuit court of a locality that is included in a judicial circuit with another locality or localities shall be given precedence on the docket of such court over all cases that are not otherwise given precedence by law.
- D. The petition shall allege with reasonable specificity the circumstances of the denial of the rights and privileges conferred by this chapter. A single instance of denial of the rights and privileges conferred by this chapter shall be sufficient to invoke the remedies granted herein. If the court finds the denial to be in violation of the provisions of this chapter, the petitioner shall be entitled to recover reasonable costs, including costs and reasonable fees for expert witnesses, and attorneys' fees from the public body if the petitioner substantially prevails on the merits of the case, unless special circumstances would make an award unjust. In making this determination, a court may consider, among other things, the reliance of a public body on an opinion of the Attorney General or a decision of a court that substantially supports the public body's position.
- E. In any action to enforce the provisions of this chapter, the public body shall bear the burden of proof to establish an exclusion by a preponderance of the evidence. No court shall be required to accord any weight to the determination of a public body as to whether an exclusion applies. Any failure by a public body to follow the procedures established by this chapter shall be presumed to be a violation of this chapter.
- F. Failure by any person to request and receive notice of the time and place of meetings as provided in § 2.2-3707 shall not preclude any person from enforcing his rights and privileges conferred by this chapter.

1968, c. 479, § 2.1-346; 1976, c. 709; 1978, c. 826; 1989, c. 358; 1990, c. 217; 1996, c. 578;1999, cc. 703, 726;2001, c. 844;2007, c. 560;2009, c. 634;2010, c. 299;2011, cc. 133, 783;2016, cc. 620, 716.

§ 2.2-3714. Violations and penalties.

In a proceeding commenced against any officer, employee, or member of a public body under § 2.2-3713 for a violation of § 2.2-3704, 2.2-3705.1 through 2.2-3705.7, 2.2-3706, 2.2-3707, 2.2-3708.2, 2.2-3710, 2.2-3711 or 2.2-3712, the court, if it finds that a violation was willfully and knowingly made, shall impose upon such officer, employee, or member in his individual capacity, whether a writ of mandamus or injunctive relief is awarded or not, a civil penalty of not less than \$500 nor more than \$2,000, which amount shall be paid into the State Literary Fund. For a second or subsequent violation, such civil penalty shall be not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$5,000.

1976, c. 467, § 2.1-346.1; 1978, c. 826; 1984, c. 252; 1989, c. 358; 1996, c. 578;1999, cc. 703, 726; 2001, c. 844;2003, c. 319;2004, c. 690;2008, cc. 233, 789;2011, c. 327;2017, c. 778;2018, c. 55.

1/14/2019

53

Title 42.1. Libraries

Chapter 7. Virginia Public Records Act.

§ 42.1-76. Legislative intent; title of chapter.

The General Assembly intends by this chapter to establish a single body of law applicable to all public officers and employees on the subject of public records management and preservation and to ensure that the procedures used to manage and preserve public records will be uniform throughout the Commonwealth.

This chapter may be cited as the Virginia Public Records Act.

1976, c. 746.

§ 42.1-76.1. Notice of Chapter.

Any person elected, reelected, appointed, or reappointed to the governing body of any agency subject to this chapter shall (i) be furnished by the agency or public body's administrator or legal counsel with a copy of this chapter within two weeks following election, reelection, appointment, or reappointment and (ii) read and become familiar with the provisions of this chapter.

2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-77. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

- "Agency" means all boards, commissions, departments, divisions, institutions, authorities, or parts thereof, of the Commonwealth or its political subdivisions and includes the offices of constitutional officers.
- "Archival quality" means a quality of reproduction consistent with established standards specified by state and national agencies and organizations responsible for establishing such standards, such as the Association for Information and Image Management, the American National Standards Institute, and the National Institute of Standards and Technology.
- "Archival record" means a public record of continuing and enduring value useful to the citizens of the Commonwealth and necessary to the administrative functions of public agencies in the conduct of services and activities mandated by law that is identified on a Library of Virginia approved records retention and disposition schedule as having sufficient informational value to be permanently maintained by the Commonwealth.
- "Archives" means the program administered by The Library of Virginia for the preservation of archival records.
- "Board" means the State Library Board.
- "Conversion" means the act of moving electronic records to a different format, especially data from an obsolete format to a current format.
- "Custodian" means the public official in charge of an office having public records.
- "Disaster plan" means the information maintained by an agency that outlines recovery techniques and methods to be followed in case of an emergency that impacts the agency's

records.

"Electronic record" means a public record whose creation, storage, and access require the use of an automated system or device. Ownership of the hardware, software, or media used to create, store, or access the electronic record has no bearing on a determination of whether such record is a public record.

"Essential public record" means records that are required for recovery and reconstruction of any agency to enable it to resume its core operations and functions and to protect the rights and interests of persons.

"Librarian of Virginia" means the State Librarian of Virginia or his designated representative.

"Lifecycle" means the creation, use, maintenance, and disposition of a public record.

"Metadata" means data describing the context, content, and structure of records and their management through time.

"Migration" means the act of moving electronic records from one information system or medium to another to ensure continued access to the records while maintaining the records' authenticity, integrity, reliability, and usability.

"Original record" means the first generation of the information and is the preferred version of a record. Archival records should to the maximum extent possible be original records.

"Preservation" means the processes and operations involved in ensuring the technical and intellectual survival of authentic records through time.

"Private record" means a record that does not relate to or affect the carrying out of the constitutional, statutory, or other official ceremonial duties of a public official, including the correspondence, diaries, journals, or notes that are not prepared for, utilized for, circulated, or communicated in the course of transacting public business.

"Public official" means all persons holding any office created by the Constitution of Virginia or by any act of the General Assembly, the Governor and all other officers of the executive branch of the state government, and all other officers, heads, presidents or chairmen of boards, commissions, departments, and agencies of the state government or its political subdivisions.

"Public record" or "record" means recorded information that documents a transaction or activity by or with any public officer, agency or employee of an agency. Regardless of physical form or characteristic, the recorded information is a public record if it is produced, collected, received or retained in pursuance of law or in connection with the transaction of public business. The medium upon which such information is recorded has no bearing on the determination of whether the recording is a public record.

For purposes of this chapter, "public record" shall not include nonrecord materials, meaning materials made or acquired and preserved solely for reference use or exhibition purposes, extra copies of documents preserved only for convenience or reference, and stocks of publications.

"Records retention and disposition schedule" means a Library of Virginia-approved timetable stating the required retention period and disposition action of a records series. The administrative, fiscal, historical, and legal value of a public record shall be considered in appraising its appropriate retention schedule. The terms "administrative," "fiscal," "historical,"

and "legal" value shall be defined as:

- 1. "Administrative value": Records shall be deemed of administrative value if they have continuing utility in the operation of an agency.
- 2. "Fiscal value": Records shall be deemed of fiscal value if they are needed to document and verify financial authorizations, obligations, and transactions.
- 3. "Historical value": Records shall be deemed of historical value if they contain unique information, regardless of age, that provides understanding of some aspect of the government and promotes the development of an informed and enlightened citizenry.
- 4. "Legal value": Records shall be deemed of legal value if they document actions taken in the protection and proving of legal or civil rights and obligations of individuals and agencies.

1976, c. 746; 1977, c. 501; 1981, c. 637; 1987, c. 217; 1990, c. 778; 1994, cc. 390, 955;1998, cc. 427, 470;2005, c. 787;2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-78. Confidentiality safeguarded.

Any records made confidential by law shall be so treated. Records which by law are required to be closed to the public shall not be deemed to be made open to the public under the provisions of this chapter. Records in the custody of The Library of Virginia which are required to be closed to the public shall be open for public access 75 years after the date of creation of the record. No provision of this chapter shall be construed to authorize or require the opening of any records ordered to be sealed by a court. All records deposited in the archives that are not made confidential by law shall be open to public access.

1976, c. 746; 1979, c. 110; 1990, c. 778; 1994, c. 64;2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-79. Records management function vested in The Library of Virginia.

A. The archival and records management function shall be vested in The Library of Virginia. The Library of Virginia shall be the official custodian and trustee for the Commonwealth of all public records of whatever kind, and regardless of physical form or characteristics, that are transferred to it from any agency. As the Commonwealth's official repository of public records, The Library of Virginia shall assume ownership and administrative control of such records on behalf of the Commonwealth. The Library of Virginia shall own and operate any equipment necessary to manage and retain control of electronic archival records in its custody, but may, at its discretion, contract with third-party entities to provide any or all services related to managing archival records on equipment owned by the contractor, by other third parties, or by The Library of Virginia.

- B. The Librarian of Virginia shall name a State Archivist who shall perform such functions as the Librarian of Virginia assigns.
- C. Whenever legislation affecting public records management and preservation is under consideration, The Library of Virginia shall review the proposal and advise the General Assembly on the effects of its proposed implementation.

1976, c. 746; 1986, c. 565; 1990, c. 778; 1994, c. 64;1998, c. 427;2005, c. 787;2006, c. 60.

3

§ 42.1-79.1. Repealed.

Repealed by Acts 2005, c. 787, cl. 2.

§ 42.1-80. Repealed.

Repealed by Acts 2003, c. 177.

§ 42.1-82. Duties and powers of Library Board.

A. The State Library Board shall:

- 1. Issue regulations concerning procedures for the disposal, physical destruction or other disposition of public records containing social security numbers. The procedures shall include all reasonable steps to destroy such documents by (i) shredding, (ii) erasing, or (iii) otherwise modifying the social security numbers in those records to make them unreadable or undecipherable by any means.
- 2. Issue regulations and guidelines designed to facilitate the creation, preservation, storage, filing, reformatting, management, and destruction of public records by agencies. Such regulations shall mandate procedures for records management and include recommendations for the creation, retention, disposal, or other disposition of public records.
- B. The State Library Board may establish advisory committees composed of persons with expertise in the matters under consideration to assist the Library Board in developing regulations and guidelines.

1976, c. 746; 1977, c. 501; 1981, c. 637; 1990, c. 778; 1994, cc. 64, 955;2003, cc. 914, 918;2005, c. 787;2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-83. Repealed.

Repealed by Acts 2006, c. 60, cl. 2.

§ 42.1-84. Repealed.

Repealed by Acts 2005, c. 787, cl. 2.

§ 42.1-85. Records Management Program; agencies to cooperate; agencies to designate records officer

A. The Library of Virginia shall administer a records management program for the application of efficient and economical methods for managing the lifecycle of public records consistent with regulations and guidelines promulgated by the State Library Board, including operation of a records center or centers. The Library of Virginia shall establish procedures and techniques for the effective management of public records, make continuing surveys of records and records keeping practices, and recommend improvements in current records management practices, including the use of space, equipment, software, and supplies employed in creating, maintaining, and servicing records.

B. Any agency with public records shall cooperate with The Library of Virginia in conducting surveys. Each agency shall establish and maintain an active, continuing program for the economical and efficient management of the records of such agency. The agency shall be responsible for ensuring that its public records are preserved, maintained, and accessible throughout their lifecycle, including converting and migrating electronic records as often as necessary so that information is not lost due to hardware, software, or media obsolescence or deterioration. Any public official who converts or migrates an electronic record shall ensure that it is an accurate copy of the original record. The converted or migrated record shall have the force of the original.

C. Each state agency and political subdivision of this Commonwealth shall designate as many as appropriate, but at least one, records officer to serve as a liaison to The Library of Virginia for the purposes of implementing and overseeing a records management program, and coordinating legal disposition, including destruction, of obsolete records. Designation of state agency records officers shall be by the respective agency head. Designation of a records officer for political subdivisions shall be by the governing body or chief administrative official of the political subdivision. Each entity responsible for designating a records officer shall provide The Library of Virginia with the name and contact information of the designated records officer, and shall ensure that such information is updated in a timely manner in the event of any changes.

D. The Library of Virginia shall develop and make available training and education opportunities concerning the requirements of and compliance with this chapter for records officers in the Commonwealth.

1976, c. 746; 1990, c. 778; 1994, c. 64;1998, c. 427;2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-86. Essential public records; security recovery copies; disaster plans.

A. In cooperation with the head of each agency, The Library of Virginia shall establish and maintain a program for the selection and preservation of essential public records. The program shall provide for preserving, classifying, arranging, and indexing essential public records so that such records are made available to the public. The program shall provide for making recovery copies or designate as recovery copies existing copies of such essential public records.

B. Recovery copies shall meet quality standards established by The Library of Virginia and shall be made by a process that accurately reproduces the record and forms a durable medium. A recovery copy may also be made by creating a paper or electronic copy of an original electronic record. Recovery copies shall have the same force and effect for all purposes as the original record and shall be as admissible in evidence as the original record whether the original record is in existence or not. Recovery copies shall be preserved in the place and manner prescribed by the State Library Board and the Governor.

C. The Library of Virginia shall develop a plan to ensure preservation of public records in the event of disaster or emergency as defined in § 44-146.16. This plan shall be coordinated with the Department of Emergency Management and copies shall be distributed to all agency heads. The plan shall be reviewed and updated at least once every five years. The personnel of the Library shall be responsible for coordinating emergency recovery operations when public records are affected. Each agency shall ensure that a plan for the protection and recovery of public records is included in its comprehensive disaster plan.

1976, c. 746; 1980, c. 365; 1990, c. 778; 1994, c. 64;1998, c. 427;2005, c. 787;2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-86.01. Records may be retained in electronic medium.

Notwithstanding any provision of law requiring a public record to be retained in a tangible medium, an agency may retain any public record in an electronic medium, provided that the record remains accessible for the duration of its retention schedule and meets all other requirements of this chapter. Nothing herein shall affect any law governing the retention of exhibits received into evidence in a criminal case in any court.

2018, c. 252.

§ 42.1-86.1. Disposition of public records.

A. No agency shall sell or give away public records. No agency shall destroy or discard a public record unless (i) the record appears on a records retention and disposition schedule approved pursuant to § 42.1-82 and the record's retention period has expired; (ii) a certificate of records destruction, as designated by the Librarian of Virginia, has been properly completed and approved by the agency's designated records officer; and (iii) there is no litigation, audit, investigation, request for records pursuant to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.), or renegotiation of the relevant records retention and disposition schedule pending at the expiration of the retention period for the applicable records series. After a record is destroyed or discarded, the agency shall forward the original certificate of records destruction to The Library of Virginia.

B. No agency shall destroy any public record created before 1912 without first offering it to The Library of Virginia.

C. Each agency shall ensure that records created after July 1, 2006 and authorized to be destroyed or discarded in accordance with subsection A, are destroyed or discarded in a timely manner in accordance with the provisions of this chapter; provided, however, such records that contain identifying information as defined in clauses (iii) through (ix), or clause (xii) of subsection C of § 18.2-186.3, shall be destroyed within six months of the expiration of the records retention period.

1990, c. 778; 1998, c. 427;2005, c. 787;2006, cc. 60, 909.

§ 42.1-87. Archival public records.

A. Custodians of archival public records shall keep them in fire-resistant, environmentally controlled, physically secure rooms designed to ensure proper preservation and in such arrangement as to be easily accessible. Current public records should be kept in the buildings in which they are ordinarily used. It shall be the duty of each agency to consult with The Library of Virginia to determine the best manner in which to store long-term or archival electronic records. In entering into a contract with a third-party storage provider for the storage of public records, an agency shall require the third-party to cooperate with The Library of Virginia in complying with rules and regulations promulgated by the Board.

- B. Public records deemed unnecessary for the transaction of the business of any state agency, yet deemed to be of archival value, may be transferred with the consent of the Librarian of Virginia to the custody of the Library of Virginia.
- C. Public records deemed unnecessary for the transaction of the business of any county, city, or town, yet deemed to be of archival value, shall be stored either in The Library of Virginia or in the locality, at the decision of the local officials responsible for maintaining public records. Archival public records shall be returned to the locality upon the written request of the local officials responsible for maintaining local public records. Microfilm shall be stored in The Library of Virginia but the use thereof shall be subject to the control of the local officials responsible for maintaining local public records.
- D. Record books deemed archival should be copied or repaired, renovated or rebound if worn, mutilated, damaged or difficult to read. Whenever the public records of any public official are in need of repair, restoration or rebinding, a judge of the court of record or the head of such agency or political subdivision of the Commonwealth may authorize that the records in need of repair be

removed from the building or office in which such records are ordinarily kept, for the length of time necessary to repair, restore or rebind them, provided such restoration and rebinding preserves the records without loss or damage to them. Before any restoration or repair work is initiated, a treatment proposal from the contractor shall be submitted and reviewed in consultation with The Library of Virginia. Any public official who causes a record book to be copied shall attest it and shall certify an oath that it is an accurate copy of the original book. The copy shall then have the force of the original.

E. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to divest agency heads of the authority to determine the nature and form of the records required in the administration of their several departments or to compel the removal of records deemed necessary by them in the performance of their statutory duty.

1976, c. 746; 1994, cc. 64, 955;2005, c. 787;2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-88. Custodians to deliver all records at expiration of term; penalty for noncompliance. Any custodian of any public records shall, at the expiration of his term of office, appointment or

employment, deliver to his successor, or, if there be none, to The Library of Virginia, all books, writings, letters, documents, public records, or other information, recorded on any medium kept or received by him in the transaction of his official business; and any such person who shall refuse or neglect for a period of ten days after a request is made in writing by the successor or Librarian of Virginia to deliver the public records as herein required shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor.

1976, c. 746; 1994, c. 64;1998, c. 427.

§ 42.1-89. Petition and court order for return of public records not in authorized possession.

The Librarian of Virginia or his designated representative such as the State Archivist or any public official who is the custodian of public records in the possession of a person or agency not authorized by the custodian or by law to possess such public records shall petition the circuit court in the city or county in which the person holding such records resides or in which the materials in issue, or any part thereof, are located for the return of such records. The court shall order such public records be delivered to the petitioner upon finding that the materials in issue are public records and that such public records are in the possession of a person not authorized by the custodian of the public records or by law to possess such public records. If the order of delivery does not receive compliance, the plaintiff shall request that the court enforce such order through its contempt power and procedures.

1975, c. 180; 1976, c. 746; 1998, c. 427.

§ 42.1-90. Seizure of public records not in authorized possession.

A. At any time after the filing of the petition set out in § 42.1-89 or contemporaneous with such filing, the person seeking the return of the public records may by ex parte petition request the judge or the court in which the action was filed to issue an order directed at the sheriff or other proper officer, as the case may be, commanding him to seize the materials which are the subject of the action and deliver the same to the court under the circumstances hereinafter set forth.

B. The judge aforesaid shall issue an order of seizure upon receipt of an affidavit from the petitioner which alleges that the material at issue may be sold, secreted, removed out of this Commonwealth or otherwise disposed of so as not to be forthcoming to answer the final

judgment of the court respecting the same; or that such property may be destroyed or materially damaged or injured if permitted to remain out of the petitioner's possession.

C. The aforementioned order of seizure shall issue without notice to the respondent and without the posting of any bond or other security by the petitioner.

1975, c. 180; 1976, c. 746.

§ 42.1-90.1. Auditing.

The Librarian may, in his discretion, conduct an audit of the records management practices of any agency. Any agency subject to the audit shall cooperate and provide the Library with any records or assistance that it requests. The Librarian shall compile a written summary of the findings of the audit and any actions necessary to bring the agency into compliance with this chapter. The summary shall be a public record, and shall be made available to the agency subject to the audit, the Governor, and the chairmen of the House and Senate Committees on General Laws and the House Appropriations and Senate Finance Committees of the General Assembly.

2006, c. 60.

§ 42.1-91. Repealed.

Repealed by Acts 2006, c. 60, cl. 2.